# DELAWARE MEDICAL DATA CALL MANUAL

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**DELAWARE COMPENSATION RATING BUREAU, INC.** 

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### MEDICAL DATA CALL MANUAL

#### A. Overview

The information contained in this Medical Data Call Manual contains the -- reporting guidelines for the Call. This Medical Data Call Manual replaces all previously released Medical Data Call Implementation Guides and Manuals. The current web-based manual is located on the DCRB's website at www.dcrb.com.

The Medical Data Call Manual applies to data submitted to DCRB. Data providers are required to comply with the instructions and guidelines contained in this manual in conjunction with DCRB's *Statistical Plan*. Each data provider should develop its own internal methods for how to apply the information contained in these manuals. However, the end result must meet DCRB's criteria.

This manual is your source for DCRB's Medical Data Call reporting rules and requirements, as well as additional information and examples to assist you in meeting your reporting requirements.

# B. Medical Data Call Background

During its July 30, 2008 meeting, the Delaware Compensation Rating Bureau's Governing Board voted unanimously to authorize the DCRB to begin collecting detailed medical data. That vote was taken after careful consideration of the potential importance and utility of detailed medical data, as well as available methods for accomplishing the collection of such information. Factors addressed in the Board's discussion included the following points:

- Medical losses represent over 62 percent of loss costs in Delaware
- Medical detail could enhance DCRB's ability to explain filings
- Medical cost containment issues are potentially important public policy matters
  - Fee Schedule Relationships to Medicare, overall richness of reimbursements
  - Charge Master System
  - Treatment Protocols
- Medical detail would be imperative for DCRB to be able to opine with authority on a variety of possible proposals to change the payment system for workers compensation in Delaware
- The ability to compare data with other jurisdictions will emerge with the common collection of this data elsewhere

The National Council on Compensation Insurance, Inc. (NCCI) has, through an extended and rigorous process, established a construct for the reporting and collection of medical detail information. That process has been accepted by carriers for use **by** NCCI states and **has been** implemented in those states. The NCCI refers to the collection of this medical detail as the Medical Data Call. The NCCI has shared the formats, timelines and related collateral for the Medical Data Call with all independent bureaus and has advised those bureaus that they are at liberty to adopt and use any portion(s) of that intellectual property as they may see fit. The DCRB believes, and the Governing Board has specifically concurred, that using and conforming as much as possible to the NCCI standards for the collection of medical detail information will be the most beneficial and effective means of expanding our information base to include medical detail information.

# C. Medical Data Call Contacts

If you have any questions about the Medical Data Call, please contact the DCRB via one of the following:

| Mail: | Medical Data Reporting Department         |
|-------|---|
|       | Delaware Compensation Rating Bureau, Inc. |
|       | United Plaza Building – Suite 1500        |
|       | 30 South 17 <sup>th</sup> Street          |
|       | Philadelphia, PA 19103-4007               |

Phone: (302) 654-1435 Website: www.dcrb.com E-mail: medicalcall@dcrb.com

# **SECTION I – GENERAL RULES**

# A. Scope and Effective Date

All medical transactions with a Jurisdiction State of Delaware are reportable. This includes all workers compensation claims, including medical-only claims. The Jurisdiction State corresponds to the state under whose Workers Compensation Act the claimant's benefits are being paid.

All transactions must be submitted electronically to the Delaware Compensation Rating Bureau, Inc., United Plaza Building, Suite 1500, 30 S. 17<sup>th</sup> Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103.

The Call began with mandatory medical transactions occurring in 3rd Quarter 2010, due to be reported to the DCRB by December 31, 2010. --

# B. General

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#### C. Participation / Eligibility

Participation is limited to carrier groups with at least 1% market share in the state of Delaware over the most recent three years (overall average equals 1% or more.) Participation is re-evaluated every three years.

#### 1. Carrier Group Participation

When a carrier group is included in the Call, all companies that are aligned within that group are required to report under the Call.

#### 2. Reporting Responsibility

Participants in the Call will have the flexibility of meeting their reporting obligation in several ways, including:

- (a) Submitting all of their Call data directly to the DCRB
- (b) Authorizing their vendor business partners (TPAs, Medical Bill Review Vendors, etc.) to report the data directly to DCRB

Regardless of who submits the Call to the DCRB, the data submitter must report the standard record layout in its entirety with all data elements populated. Refer to the **Record Layouts** section of this manual.

**Note:** Although data may be provided by an authorized vendor on behalf of a carrier or carrier group, timeliness and quality of the data is the responsibility of the carrier.

# 3. Mergers and Acquisitions

If a carrier/group is required to report the Call prior to a merger or acquisition, the obligation to continue to report the Call remains. If a carrier/group that was not previously required to report the call merges with or becomes acquired by a reporting carrier/group, the acquired carrier/group is not required to report as part of that carrier/group until a future participation evaluation deems it eligible.

# Example:

# **Mergers and Acquisition Scenarios**

| lf  | And  | Then  |
|---|--|---|
| Carrier A currently reports the Call                              | Merges with Carrier B, that does not report the Call           | Only Carrier A reports the Call<br>unless a future participation<br>evaluation deems AB eligible          |
| Carrier A does not currently report the Call                      | Merges with Carrier B, that currently reports the Call         | Only Carrier B reports the Call<br>unless a future participation<br>evaluation deems AB eligible          |
| Carrier A currently reports the Call                              | Merges with Carrier B, that currently reports the Call         | Both Carrier A and Carrier B continue to report the Call  |
| Carrier A currently reports the Call as part of reporting Group B | Leaves Group B   | Both Carrier A and Group B<br>continue to report the Call   |
| Carrier A does not currently report the Call                      | Merges with Carrier B, that does not currently report the Call | Neither Carrier A nor B reports the<br>Call unless a future participation<br>evaluation deems AB eligible |

# D. Reporting Frequency

The Medical Data Call transactions are required to be reported on a quarterly basis. Transactions for any given quarter are required to be reported by the close of the following quarter. Monthly transactions are also accepted. Below are examples of monthly and quarterly submission schedules:

**Monthly**: Three monthly data submissions are submitted, with the entire quarter's data due at the end of the following quarter (example: for 3rd quarter, the monthly reporting of July data can be reported in August, August data in September, September data in October—with the entire quarter's data due by 12/31).

**Quarterly**: One submission is reported by the end of the following quarter (example: 3rd quarter is due by 12/31)

#### 1. Duration of Reporting

Medical Data Call transactions are required to be reported until transactions no longer occur for the claim or 30 years from the claim Accident Date, whichever comes first.

**Example: Reporting duration for claim with an accident date prior to 3rd quarter 2010** A medical transaction occurs in July 2010 for a claim whose accident date is August 1980. The medical transaction would be reported with the 3rd quarter 2010 submission. No further reporting of medical transactions for this claim is expected.

#### Example: Reporting duration for claim with an accident date on or after 3rd quarter 2010

A medical transaction occurs in August 2010 for a claim whose accident date is July 2010. The medical transaction would be reported with the 3rd quarter 2010 submission. Medical transactions reported after July 1, 2040 will be accepted but are not required.

# E. Data Submission Procedures

Medical Data Call transactions are to be submitted electronically to the DCRB through Compensation Data Exchange (CDX).

CDX is a self-administered service offered to carriers who are members of one or more of the ACCCT members. (Please refer to the appendix for a list of ACCCT members.) The use of CDX for the submission or retrieval of data and to provide access to other services or products is subject to availability and the terms and conditions of use established by ACCCT, Compensation Data Exchange, LLC., or individual DCOs. These guidelines may be accessed through the ACCCT website at www.accct.org. ACCCT disclaims all liability, direct or implied, and all damages, whether direct, incidental, or punitive, arising from the use or misuse of the CDX site or services by any person or entity.

Before data submitters can send Medical Data Call production files using **CDX**, a completed **Insurer User Management Group (UMG) Primary Administrator Application** for each **carrier/group** must be on file, and each submitter's electronic data submissions must pass Certification Testing. Refer to the **Insurer User Management Group (UMG) Primary Administrator Application** section of this manual for details and the **Appendix** of this manual for a copy of the digital (online) form.

If a carrier group has already established **a UMG primary administrator** and currently submits policy data or statistical reporting data to DCRB via CDX, a carrier does not need to submit an additional - application to submit Medical Data Call transactions.

# F. Insurer User Management Group (UMG) Primary Administrator Application

Each applicant is required to designate an **Insurer User Management Group (UMG) Primary Administrator** for the entire Group. The **UMG primary administrator** shall be solely responsible for the following activities: (a) establishing, controlling, and maintaining Applicant's access to CDX and its products and services; (b) creating and maintaining accounts for the Applicant; (c) establishing and maintaining all Carrier User account levels; and (d) assessing and responding to all security issues and breaches.

# 1. -- Application Instructions

The digital (online) application form must be filled out in its entirety and submitted online. --

#### 2. Submission of Application

Once you have successfully submitted the application, click the hyperlink labeled 'Click here to print this application for submission' to launch a printable version. You will receive an e-mail titled "Insurer UMG Primary Administrator Application Received", which also includes a link to print the application. The printable copy will include instructions on how to complete the application process.

This printed application must be signed by the Primary Administrator and an Authorizing Officer of the Applicant who shall be fully authorized to bind the Applicant to the Terms and Conditions of Use at www.accct.org. The completed application with the signatures, along with a copy of the authorizing officer's business card or letter head, must be mailed, faxed, or e-mailed to:

CDX Central Support c/o Axispoint 1180 Ave. of the Americas, Suite 400A New York, NY 10036 E-mail: cdxcentralsupport@axispoint.com Fax: 212-944-5489 If a method other than mailing is used, a signed original must also be mailed to CDX® Central Support.

Once your account has been created, the Applicant's Primary Administrator will receive an e-mail notifying an account has been established and informing them of the temporary password. A copy of this e-mail, without the password, will be sent to the Applicant's Authorizing Officer.

# 3. Third Party Administrator Requirement

For carriers or carriers groups that use a Third Party Administrator (TPA), bill review vendor, or pharmacy vendor, the DCRB requires the CDX permission(s) to be handled through the **TPA Request function** within CDX. It will take 2 to 3 business days for ACCCT to review and approve the request. Once you are notified that the request has been approved, then the **Primary Administrators for the carrier/group and the TPA** will complete the set-up and data transfer permissions in CDX.

# 4. User Request Changes

In the event there is a need to modify TPA access to CDX, it is the responsibility to notify the carriers' **UMG Primary Administrator** immediately in order to restrict a user from having access to CDX.

# G. Business Exclusions Options

It is expected that 100% of medical transactions from workers compensation claims in the state of Delaware will be reported in the Medical Data Call. The DCRB does recognize that in certain limited circumstances this can be very difficult, if not impossible, for participants (carrier groups) to comply with reporting 100% of the expected medical transactions.

Accordingly, a carrier group participating in the Call may exclude data for claims that represent up to 15% of gross premium (direct premium gross of deductibles) for the state of Delaware from its reporting requirement. This option may be utilized for small subsidiaries and/or business segments (e.g., coverage providers, branches, TPAs) where it may be more difficult for these entities to establish the required reporting infrastructure. The exclusion option must be based on a business segment, not claim type or characteristics. All requests for such exclusions must be presented to the DCRB for acceptance. Refer to Requests for Business Exclusion in this section.

The 15% exclusion does **not** apply to selection by:

- Medical services provided (pharmacy, hospital fees, negotiated fees, etc.)
- Claim characteristics such as claim status (e.g., open, closed)
- Claim types such as specific injury types (medical only, death, permanent total disability, catastrophic, etc.)

DCRB annually reviews previously filed exclusion requests to determine if a re-examination is warranted based upon changes in market share. Additionally, business exclusions are reviewed when participation/eligibility is re-evaluated.

Once a claim has been reported under the Call, all related medical transactions must be reported according to the reporting requirements for the Call.

#### Example: Need to Exercise Business Exclusion Option:

A carrier group has a TPA that does not process medical bills electronically. The premium associated with this TPA represents less than 15% of the participant's gross premium. The carrier group may exclude the

TPA's transactions from Call reporting.

**Note:** If a participant has unique circumstances that cannot be accounted for within the exclusion option, contact the DCRB's Medical Data Reporting Department to submit documentation describing these circumstances. The DCRB will address these situations on a case-by-case basis.

# 1. Requests for Business Exclusion

Participants in the Call are required to submit their basis for exclusion to the DCRB for review. The requests can be submitted to the DCRB starting in March of 2009.

All exclusion requests must include the following documentation:

- (a) The nature of what data is to be excluded (e.g., any vendors or entities).
- (b) An explanation as to why you are using the exclusion option.
- (c) Output used to demonstrate that the excluded segment(s) will be less than 15% of premium. Refer to Methods of Determining Gross Premium for Business Exclusion in this section of the manual for an example of premium determination.
- (d) Contact information for the individual responsible for the review documentation.

Refer to Appendix of this manual for a Business Exclusion Request Form, worksheets, and submission instructions.

# 2. Methods of Determining Gross Premium for Business Exclusions

The measurement of the 15% business exclusion is based on direct workers compensation premiums, gross of deductibles. Below are four methods for estimating the proportion of business excluded; any of these four are acceptable to the DCRB.

Some methods use the NAIC Direct Premium, which is reported in the "Exhibit of Premiums and Losses (Statutory Page 14)" in the NAIC Annual Statement. This premium can be either written or earned premium, whichever is more convenient. This premium is net of deductibles.

There are four methods carriers may use to estimate the exclusion percentage:

**Method 1**—Carriers with Large Deductible Direct Premium less than 0.3% of their total premium (NAIC Direct Premiums) may determine their estimated exclusion using Direct Premium, without adjustment.

# **Example: Premium determination (Method 1)**

A participant with Large Deductible Direct Premium less than 0.3% of its total needs to exclude business for two small subsidiaries. The participant determines the exclusion on July 1, 2013 utilizing Direct Written Premium to determine the percentage of excluded premium.

| Column A                           | Column B                                   | Column C  | Column D  |
|------------------------------------|--|---|---|
| Entities for<br>Proposed Exclusion | Entities' Calendar Year<br>Written Premium | Carrier Group<br>Calendar Year<br>Written Premium | Entities' Written Premium<br>as % of Carrier Group<br>(Col. B / Col. C) |
| Subsidiary #1                      | \$1,500,000                                |   |   |
| Subsidiary #2                      | \$2,000,000                                |   |   |
| TOTAL                              | \$3,500,000                                | \$357,500,000                                     | 1.0%  |

The following steps are performed to determine whether the proposed exclusions are less than 15% of the total gross written premium.

1. Based on premium data that it maintains, the carrier group determines the Calendar Year

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Direct Premiums Written in Delaware or Federal Act for each subsidiary to be excluded. It enters the information in Column B.

- 2. Add up the data in Column B to get the Delaware premium proposed to be excluded.
- 3. Determine the 2012 Calendar Year Direct Premiums Written in Delaware—the participant finds this information on Schedule T of its 2012 NAIC Annual Statement (due on April 1, 2013). This information is entered on the Total line in Column C.
- 4. Calculate percentages for Column D (equals Column B divided by Column C).
- 5. Compare the Total line percentage to the 15% requirement. In this case the proposed exclusion is less than 15%, so it is allowable.

Refer to Appendix of this manual for Premium Verification Worksheet and Instructions – Method 1 and submission instructions.

**Method 2**—Affiliate groups with Large Deductible Direct Premium greater than 0.3% of their total premium (NAIC Direct Premiums) may use the table Large Deductible Net to Gross Ratio, included in this section, to determine their estimated exclusion using Direct Premium.

Determine the Large Deductible Net Ratio by calculating the ratio of excluded Large Deductible Direct Premium to total Direct Premium for Delaware. Use this net ratio to look up the gross ratio using the **Large Deductible Net to Gross Ratio** table **below**. Calculate the ratio of excluded non-Large Deductible Direct Premium to total Direct Premium. Add the corresponding Gross Ratio found in the table to the ratio of excluded non-Large Deductible Direct Premium (if any) to determine the percentage of excluded Direct Premium.

| Large Deductible Net to Gross Ratio |             |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Net Ratio                           | Gross Ratio |  |  |  |  |
| 0.0%                                | 0.0%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.1%                                | 0.5%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.2%                                | 1.0%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.3%                                | 1.5%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.4%                                | 2.0%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.5%                                | 2.5%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.6%                                | 2.9%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.7%                                | 3.4%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.8%                                | 3.9%        |  |  |  |  |
| 0.9%                                | 4.3%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.0%                                | 4.8%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.1%                                | 5.3%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.2%                                | 5.7%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.3%                                | 6.2%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.4%                                | 6.6%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.5%                                | 7.1%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.6%                                | 7.5%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.7%                                | 8.0%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.8%                                | 8.4%        |  |  |  |  |
| 1.9%                                | 8.8%        |  |  |  |  |
| 2.0%                                | 9.3%        |  |  |  |  |
| 2.1%                                | 9.7%        |  |  |  |  |
| 2.2%                                | 10.1%       |  |  |  |  |
| 2.3%                                | 10.5%       |  |  |  |  |
| 2.4%                                | 10.9%       |  |  |  |  |
| 2.5%                                | 11.4%       |  |  |  |  |
| 2.6%                                | 11.8%       |  |  |  |  |

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| 2.7% | 12.2% |
|------|-------|
| 2.8% | 12.6% |
| 2.9% | 13.0% |
| 3.0% | 13.4% |
| 3.1% | 13.8% |
| 3.2% | 14.2% |
| 3.3% | 14.6% |
| 3.4% | 15.0% |
| 3.5% | 15.4% |

# Example: Premium determination (Method 2)

A participant with Large Deductible Direct Premium greater than 0.3% of its total must exclude one of its medical data providers. The participant has the following premium values:

- Total Direct Premium in Delaware is \$1,000,000
- Large Deductible Direct Premium to be excluded for Delaware is \$20,000
- Non-Large Deductible Direct Premium to be excluded for Delaware is \$40,000

The following steps are performed to determine whether the proposed exclusion is less than 20% of the total gross written premium:

- 1. Calculate the Large Deductible Net Ratio—\$20,000 (Large Deductible Direct Premium to be excluded) divided by \$1,000,000 (Total Direct Premium), multiplied by 100 equals a Large Deductible Net Ratio of 2.0% (\$20,000 / \$1,000,000 x 100 = 2.0%)
- 2. Use the Large Deductible Net Ratio of 2.0% and the table to determine the corresponding gross ratio of 9.3%
- 3. Calculate the excluded non-Large Deductible ratio—\$40,000 (non-Large Deductible Direct Premium to be excluded) divided by \$1,000,000 (Total Direct Premium), multiplied by 100 equals an excluded non-Large Deductible ratio of 4.0% (\$40,000 / \$1,000,000 x 100 = 4.0%)
- 4. Determine the percentage of excluded premium—4.0% (excluded non-Large Deductible ratio) added to 9.3% (Large Deductible gross ratio) equals excluded premium of 13.3% (4.0% + 9.3% = 13.3%)
- 5. Compare the excluded premium percentage to the 15% requirement; in this case, the proposed exclusion is less than 15%, so it is allowable

Refer to Appendix of this manual for Premium Verification Worksheet and Instructions – Method 2 and submission instructions.

**Method 3**—Another option for affiliate groups with Large Deductible Direct Premium greater than 0.3% of their total premium (NAIC Direct Premiums) is to use the following Gross Premium Estimation Worksheet.

Fill in Items A, B, C, and D, and use the formulas to complete the worksheet. Only include premium from Delaware.

|      | Premium Verification Worksheet – Method 3 |                   |        |  |  |  |
|------|---|-------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| ltem | Description                               | Formula           | Amount |  |  |  |
|      | NAIC Direct Written Premium:              |                   |        |  |  |  |
| A    | Total including Large Deductible          |                   |        |  |  |  |
| В    | Large Deductible                          |                   |        |  |  |  |
| С    | Large Deductible to be excluded           |                   |        |  |  |  |
| D    | Non-Large Deductible to be excluded       |                   |        |  |  |  |
|      | Estimated Gross Premium                   |                   |        |  |  |  |
| E    | Large Deductible to be excluded           | 5 times C (5 x C) |        |  |  |  |

| F | Total Excluded                       | Sum of D and E<br>(D + E) |
|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| G | Add-on for Large Deductible business | 4 times B (4 x B)         |
| Н | Estimated Total                      | Sum of A and G<br>(A + G) |
| I | Ratio                                | F divided by H<br>(F / H) |

If the ratio (I) is 15% or less, the exclusion is acceptable.

# Example: Premium determination (Method 3)

A participant with Large Deductible Direct Premium greater than 0.3% of its total must exclude one of its medical data providers. The participant has the following premium values:

- Total Direct Premium including Large Deductible for Delaware is \$1,000,000
- Large Deductible Direct Premium for Delaware is \$300,000
- Large Deductible Direct Premium to be excluded for Delaware is \$20,000
- Non-Large Deductible Direct Premium to be excluded for Delaware is \$40,000

|      | Premium Verification Worksheet – Method 3 |                   |           |  |  |  |
|------|---|-------------------|-----------|--|--|--|
| ltem | Description                               | Formula           | Amount    |  |  |  |
|      | NAIC Direct Written Premium:              |                   |           |  |  |  |
| A    | Total including Large Deductible          |                   | 1,000,000 |  |  |  |
| В    | Large Deductible                          |                   | 300,000   |  |  |  |
| С    | Large Deductible to be excluded           |                   | 20,000    |  |  |  |
| D    | Non-Large Deductible to be excluded       |                   | 40,000    |  |  |  |
|      | Estimated Gross Premium:                  |                   |           |  |  |  |
| E    | Large Deductible to be excluded           | 5 times C (5 x C) | 100,000   |  |  |  |
| F    | Total Excluded                            | Sum of D and E    | 140,000   |  |  |  |
|      |   | (D + E)           |           |  |  |  |
| G    | Add-on for Large Deductible business      | 4 times B (4 x B) | 1,200,000 |  |  |  |
| Н    | Estimated Total                           | Sum of A and G    | 2,200,000 |  |  |  |
|      |   | (A + G)           |           |  |  |  |
| I    | Ratio                                     | F divided by H    | 6.4%      |  |  |  |
|      |   | (F / H)           |           |  |  |  |

The following steps are performed to determine whether the proposed exclusions are less than 15% of the total gross written premium:

- 1. From its records, the carrier group determines its Direct Written Premium for all Large Deductible policies, excluded Large Deductible policies, excluded non-Large Deductible policies, and the total for all policies including Large Deductibles
- 2. Input these values into the Amount column of the applicable row (Items A through D) of the Premium Verification Worksheet
- 3. Calculate Items E through I of the Premium Verification Worksheet
- 4. Compare the excluded premium percentage (Item I) to the 15% requirement; in this case, the proposed exclusion is less than 15%, so it is allowable

Refer to Appendix of this manual for Premium Verification Worksheet and Instructions – Method 3 and submission instructions.

**Method 4**—Use the gross (of deductible) premium in Unit Statistical Plan data (reported in the Premium Amount field of the Exposure Record). Calculate the ratio of total gross premium on business to be excluded to total gross premium on all business and compare the excluded premium percentage to the 15% requirement. Only include premium from the state of Delaware or Federal Act.

# 3. Other Premium Determination Methods

Contact the DCRB for guidance if the methods described in this section are not appropriate for determining the exclusion percentage. The methods are not appropriate if they do not closely approximate prospective premium distribution in the current calendar year (e.g., a significant shift has occurred in a participant's book(s) of business since the last NAIC reporting; or the participant writes a significant number of large deductible policies).

# 4. Business Exclusion Request Form

An example of the Business Exclusion Request Form is provided in the **Appendix** of this manual.

# SECTION II – MEDICAL DATA CALL STRUCTURE

# A. General

Medical Call data is not aggregated at the bill level. Instead, each line of a bill is reported as a separate record. While certain data elements will be repeated on each line, others are distinct per line. These two classifications of data elements are called Bill Header and Bill Detail.

# B. Bill Header Data Elements

Bill Header data elements identify the information that is common to all lines of a bill. Therefore, the data in these elements is the same for all records from the same bill.

Note: A bill is identified by the combination of Claim Number and Bill Identification Number.

Bill Header data elements include:

- Carrier Code
- Policy Number Identifier
- Policy Effective Date
- Claim Number Identifier
- Jurisdiction State Code
- Claimant Gender Code
- Birth Year
- Accident Date
- Bill Identification Number
- Service From Date
- Service To Date
- Provider Taxonomy Code
- Provider Identification Number
- Provider Postal (ZIP) Code
- Network Service Code
- Place of Service Code

These elements are typically located on the header (top) section of standard bill forms such as CMS-1500 or UB-04. For specific locations of the data information on these standard forms (if applicable), refer to the Source column of the Medical Data Call Record Layout table in the **Record Layouts** section of this manual.

# C. Bill Detail Data Elements

Bill Detail data elements provide the line level information and, therefore, can differ among the individual records of a bill.

Bill Detail data elements include:

- Transaction Code
- Transaction Date
- Line Identification Number
- Service Date
- Paid Procedure Code
- Paid Procedure Code Modifier
- Amount Charged by Provider
- Paid Amount

- Primary ICD Diagnostic Code
- Secondary ICD Diagnostic Code
- Quantity/Number of Units per Procedure Code
- Secondary Procedure Code

Note: Some detail data elements, such as ICD - Diagnostic Codes, can act like Bill Header data elements because they may be the same for all lines. However, it is possible for these codes to vary per line.

These elements are typically located on the detail (lower) section of standard bill forms, such as CMS-1500 or UB-04. For specific locations of the data information on these standard forms (if applicable), refer to the Source column of the Medical Data Call Record Layout table in the **Record Layouts** section of this manual.

# D. Key Fields

The following data elements are considered key fields. They must be reported the same as on the original record for any replacement or cancellation record related to a medical transaction (line):

- Carrier Code
- Policy Number Identifier
- Policy Effective Date
- Claim Number Identifier
- Bill Identification Number
- Line Identification Number

Correctly reporting the key fields ensures the accurate linking and unique identification of the cancellation or replacement record to the original record. To change a key field, refer to Record Replacements and Cancellations in the **Reporting Rules** section of this manual.

# SECTION III - RECORD LAYOUTS

# A. Overview

In order for the DCRB to properly receive data submissions, data providers are required to comply with specific requirements regarding record layouts, data elements, and link data when reporting Medical Call data. Data files are transmitted in specific record layouts to allow for efficient processing. This allows the data contained within the record layouts to be formatted, sorted, and customized according to the user's specifications.

The record layouts that comprise the Medical Data Call are provided in this section of the manual.

# B. Medical Data Call Record

Report one Medical Data Call Record for each medical transaction (line) of a bill. For specific data element reporting instructions, refer to the **Data Dictionary** section of this manual.

|              | Medical Data Call Record Layout            |       |           |       |                   |  |  |  |
|--------------|--|-------|-----------|-------|-------------------|--|--|--|
| Field<br>No. | Field Title/ Description                   | Class | Position  | Bytes | Header/<br>Detail | Source                                 |  |  |
| 1            | Carrier Code *                             | N     | 1-5       | 5     | Н                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 2            | Policy Number Identifier*                  | AN    | 6-23      | 18    | Н                 | CMS 11                                 |  |  |
| 3            | Policy Effective Date*                     | N     | 24–31     | 8     | Н                 |  |  |  |
| 4            | Claim Number Identifier *                  | AN    | 32–43     | 12    | Н                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 5            | Transaction Code                           | N     | 44–45     | 2     | D                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 6            | Jurisdiction State Code                    | Ν     | 46–47     | 2     | Н                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 7            | Claimant Gender Code                       | AN    | 48        | 1     | Н                 | CMS 3 UB 11                            |  |  |
| 8            | Birth Year                                 | Ν     | 49–52     | 4     | Н                 | CMS 3 UB 10                            |  |  |
| 9            | Accident Date                              | Ν     | 53–60     | 8     | Н                 | CMS 14                                 |  |  |
| 10           | Transaction Date                           | Ν     | 61–68     | 8     | D                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 11           | Bill Identification Number *               | AN    | 69–98     | 30    | Н                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 12           | Line Identification Number *               | AN    | 99–128    | 30    | D                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 13           | Service Date                               | N     | 129–136   | 8     | D                 | CMS 24A<br>UB 45                       |  |  |
| 14           | Service From Date                          | N     | 137–144   | 8     | Н                 | CMS 18 UB 6                            |  |  |
| 15           | Service To Date                            | N     | 145–152   | 8     | Н                 | CMS 18 UB 6                            |  |  |
| 16           | Paid Procedure Code                        | AN    | 153–177   | 25    | D                 | CMS 24D UB 42<br>UB 44 or Payer        |  |  |
| 17           | Paid Procedure Code Modifier               |       | 178–185   | 8     |                   | 010040                                 |  |  |
|              | First Paid Procedure Code Modifier         | AN    | (178-181) | (4)   | D                 | CMS 24D<br>UB 44 or Payer              |  |  |
|              | Second Paid Procedure Code Modifier        |       | (182-185) | (4)   | ]                 | 00 44 01 Fayer                         |  |  |
| 18           | Amount Charged by Provider                 | N     | 186–196   | 11    | D                 | CMS 24F<br>UB 47                       |  |  |
| 19           | Paid Amount                                | Ν     | 197–207   | 11    | D                 | Payer                                  |  |  |
| 20           | Primary ICD <mark>-</mark> Diagnostic Code | AN    | 208–221   | 14    | H/D               | CMS 21 <mark>A</mark> (D) UB<br>67 (H) |  |  |

| 21 | Secondary ICD <mark></mark> Diagnostic Code    | AN | 222–235 | 14 | H/D | CMS 21 <mark>B</mark> (D) UB<br>67 A (H) |
|----|--|----|---------|----|-----|--|
| 22 | Provider Taxonomy Code                         | AN | 236-255 | 20 | Н   | Provider or Payer                        |
| 23 | Provider Identification Number                 | AN | 256–270 | 15 | Н   | CMS 33A UB 56                            |
| 24 | Provider Postal (ZIP) Code                     | AN | 271–273 | 3  | Н   | CMS 32 UB 1                              |
| 25 | Network Service Code                           | Α  | 274     | 1  | Н   | Provider or Payer                        |
| 26 | Quantity/Number of Units per Procedure<br>Code | N  | 275–281 | 7  | D   | CMS 24G<br>UB 46                         |
| 27 | Place of Service Code                          | AN | 282–289 | 8  | Н   | CMS 24B UB4**                            |
| 28 | Secondary Procedure Code                       | AN | 290–314 | 25 | D   | UB 42                                    |
| 29 | Reserved for Future Use                        |    | 315–350 | 36 |     |  |

\* This data element is considered a key field and must be reported the same as on the original record for all records related to a medical transaction (line). Refer to Key Fields in the **Medical Data Call Structure** section of this manual.

\*\* Refer to Place of Service Crosswalk in the **Appendix**.

#### Source Notes:

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| CMS:                | Data is located on form CMS-1500. The field number on the form where the data is located is also provided.                                   |
|---------------------|--|
| Payer:<br>Provider: | Data is not on a form; it is provided by the entity that pays the bill.<br>Data is not on a form; it is provided by the healthcare provider. |
| UB:                 | Data is located on form UB-04. The field number on the form where the data is located is also  |

UB: Data is located on form UB-04. The field number on the form where the data is located is also provided.

# C. Submission Control Record

One, and only one, Submission Control Record is required for each file submitted. The Submission Control Record should be placed at the end of the file.

|              | Submission Control Record Layout  |       |          |       |  |  |  |
|--------------|---|-------|----------|-------|--|--|--|
| Field<br>No. | Field Title/ Description  | Class | Position | Bytes |  |  |  |
| 1            | <b>Record Type</b><br>Report "SUBCTRLREC"<br>One Submission Control Record is required for each submission.<br>Format: A 10   | A     | 1-10     | 10    |  |  |  |
| 2            | Submission File Type Code<br>Report the code that identifies the type of file being submitted.<br>O=Original<br>R=Replacement<br>Format: A, this field cannot be blank.                         | A     | 11       | 1     |  |  |  |
| 3            | Carrier Group Code *<br>Report the NCCI Carrier Group Code that corresponds to the<br>Reporting Group for which the data provider has been certified to<br>report on its behalf.<br>Format: N 5 | N     | 12-16    | 5     |  |  |  |

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| 4  | Reporting Quarter Code *         Report the code that corresponds to the quarter when the medical transactions being reported occurred.         1 = First Quarter         2 = Second Quarter         3 = Third Quarter         4 = Fourth Quarter         Format: N   | N  | 17     | 1   |
|----|---|----|--------|-----|
| 5  | Reporting Year *<br>Report the year that corresponds to the year when the medical<br>transactions being reported occurred.<br>Format: YYYY  | N  | 18-21  | 4   |
| 6  | Submission File Identifier Report the unique identifier created by the data provider to distinguish the file being submitted from previously submitted files. Format: A/N 30, this field must be left justified and contain blanks in all spaces to the right of the last character if the Submission File Identifier is less than 30 bytes.          | AN | 22-51  | 30  |
| 7  | Submission Date **<br>Report the date the file was generated.<br>Format: YYYYMMDD   | N  | 52-59  | 8   |
| 8  | Submission Time **<br>Report the time the file was generated in military time.<br>Format: HHMMSS (HH = Hours, MM = Minutes, SS = Seconds)   | N  | 60-65  | 6   |
| 9  | Record TotalReport the total number of records in the file, excluding the<br>Submission Control Record.Note: Blank rows will be removed during processing and not<br>counted. If blank rows are included in the Record Total, the file will<br>appear out of balance and reject.Format: N 11, this field must be right justified and left zero-filled | N  | 66-76  | 11  |
| 10 | Reserved for Future Use   |    | 77-350 | 274 |

\* If this is a replacement submission (Submission File Type Code, Position 11 is R-Replacement), then this field must be reported the same as the submission being replaced. For details, refer to File Replacements in the **Reporting Rules** section of this manual.

\*\* For replacements (Submission File Type Code R), the combination of Submission Date and Submission Time must be after that of the file being replaced.

# **SECTION IV – DATA DICTIONARY**

# A. Overview

To assist medical data providers in automating their Medical Data Call reporting systems, the alphabetized Data Dictionary in this section provides metadata such as data element descriptions and reporting format associated with the data elements in the Medical Data Call Record Layout. Refer to the **Record Layouts** section of this manual.

# B. Data Dictionary

# **Accident Date**

| Field No.:   | 9  |
|--------------|--|
| Position(s): | 53-60  |
| Class:       | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters   |
| Bytes:       | 8  |
| Format:      | YYYYMMDD   |
| Definition:  | The date the claimant was injured.   |
| Reporting    | Report the date the claimant was injured. The Accident Date must be the same as or after     |
| Requirement: | Policy Effective Date (Positions 24-31), and before or the same as Service Date (Positions   |
|              | 129-136) or Service From Date (Positions 137-144) and Service to Date (145-152).             |
|              | In the case of occupational disease or cumulative injury, use the last day that the claimant |
|              | worked without the disability or the last day of coverage, whichever is earlier.             |

# Amount Charged by Provider

| Amount Chargeu by     |   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Field No.:            | 18  |
| Position(s):          | 186-196   |
| Class:                | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                | 11  |
| Format:               | <ul> <li>N 11, this field must be right justified and left zero-filled. There is an implied decimal between positions 194 and 195. If the reported amount does not include digits after the decimal, add 00 to the right of the reported amount. For example:</li> <li>\$123.45 is reported as 00000012345</li> <li>\$123 is reported as 00000012300</li> </ul> |
| Definition:           | The total amount per line billed for the medical service by the service provider.   |
| Reporting             | Report the total amount per line that was billed by the service provider for the applicable line.   |
| Requirement:          | This amount is reported prior to any adjustments but includes corrections. If a change to the Amount Charged by Provider occurs to a previously reported record, submit a replacement transaction, Transaction Code 03 (Positions 44-45), and report the current cumulative amount (original amount plus or minus changes) for the applicable line.             |
|                       | <b>Note</b> : This field should never be a negative value since the total amount charged rather than the change in charged dollars is to be reported.   |
|                       | For information on changes to an amount field, refer to Record Replacements and Cancellations in the <b>Reporting Rules</b> section of this manual.   |
| Bill Identification N | umber   |
| Field No.:            | 11  |
| Position(s)           | 69-98   |

| Position(s): | 69-98  |
|--------------|--|
| Class:       | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters |
| Bytes:       | 30   |

| Format:      | A/N 30, exclude non-ASCII characters. This field must be left justified and contain blanks in   |
|--------------|---|
|              | all spaces to the right of the last character if the Bill Identification Number is less than 30 |
|              | bytes.  |
| Definition:  | A unique number assigned to each bill by the administering entity.                              |
| Reporting    | Report the unique number assigned to the bill that corresponds to this transaction.             |
| Requirement: |   |

# **Birth Year**

| Field No.:                | 8   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Position(s):              | 49-52   |
| Class:                    | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                    | 4   |
| Format:                   | YYYY  |
| Definition:               | The actual or estimated (accident year minus claimant age) year the claimant was born.                |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report the year the claimant was born. The Birth Year must be before Accident Date (Positions 53-60). |
| Requirement.              | (105110115 33-00).  |

# **Carrier Code**

| Field No.:   | 1  |
|--------------|--|
| Position(s): | 1-5  |
| Class:       | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters                                   |
| Bytes:       | 5  |
| Format:      | N 5  |
| Definition:  | The carrier code assigned to the carrier by NCCI.                                      |
| Reporting    | Report the 5-digit NCCI assigned Carrier Code. Do not report the NCCI Group ID or NAIC |
| Requirement: | Carrier Code.  |

# **Claim Number Identifier**

| <br>                      |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Field No.:                | 4   |
| Position(s):              | 32-43   |
| Class:                    | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                    | 12  |
| Format:                   | A/N 12, letters A–Z and numbers 0–9 only (if the Claim Number Identifier is less than 12 bytes, this field must be left justified, and blanks in all spaces to the right of the last character).  |
| Definition:               | A set of alphanumeric characters that uniquely identify the claim (letters A–Z and numbers 0–9 only).   |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report the unique set of numbers and/or letters that identify the specific claim that the bill applies to. For the purpose of this requirement, unique means that each time a medical service is provided and billed for a specific claim, the same claim number is reflected on each bill. |
|                           | The Claim Number Identifier must match the Unit Statistical data claim number. For  |
|                           | older claims where the claim number has changed since reporting the unit statistical data, report the Claim Number Identifier that identifies the claim in your system today. This number must be used consistently for all future reporting of the claim transactions.                     |
|                           |   |

# **Claimant Gender Code**

| 7  |
|--|
| 48   |
| Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters |
| 1  |
| A/N  |
| A code that corresponds to the claimant's gender.                    |
|  |

Reporting Report the code that corresponds to the claimant's gender. Leave blank - if unknown.

| Code | Description |
|------|-------------|
| 1    | Male        |
| 2    | Female      |
| 3    | Other       |

# **Jurisdiction State Code**

| Field No.:   | 6  |
|--------------|--|
| Position(s): | 46-47  |
| Class:       | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters   |
| Bytes:       | 2  |
| Format:      | N 2, Data field is to be right justified and left zero-filled.   |
| Definition:  | A code that corresponds to the state under whose Workers Compensation Act the claimant's benefits are being paid.        |
| Reporting    | Report the code that corresponds to the state under whose Workers Compensation Act or                                    |
| Requirement: | Employers Liability Act the claimant's benefits are being paid <mark>or Federal Act (Jurisdiction State Code 59.)</mark> |

| Jurisdiction       | State Code      |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Delaware           | 07              |
| <b>Federal Act</b> | <mark>59</mark> |
| (USL&HW)           |                 |

**Note:** When the jurisdiction state is Delaware, all qualifying medical transactions for that state must be reported even when the compliance state (IAIABC State Compliance Code) is not an applicable state. For example, a medical service is provided to a claimant whose benefits are being paid under the Delaware Workers Compensation **system established by law in Title 19 of the Delaware Code**. However, reimbursement for the medical service was determined under California medical billing requirements. Medical transactions for this claimant would be reportable under the Medical Data Call.

# Line Identification Number

| Field No.:                | 12   |
|---------------------------|--|
| Position(s):              | 99-128   |
| Class:                    | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters   |
| Bytes:                    | 30   |
| Format:                   | A/N 30, exclude non-ASCII characters. This field must be left justified and contain blanks in all spaces to the right of the last character if the Line Identification Number is less than 30 bytes. |
| Definition:               | A unique number that the administering entity assigns to each line associated with the Bill Identification Number (Positions 69-98)  |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report the unique number assigned to the line associated with the Bill Identification Number (Positions 69-98) and for which this record applies.  |

# Network Service Code

| Field No.:               | 25   |
|--------------------------|--|
| Position(s):             | 274  |
| Class:                   | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters   |
| Bytes:                   | 1  |
| Format:                  | A  |
| Definition:              | A code that indicates whether the medical service is provided through a provider network.  |
| Reporting                | Report the code that indicates whether the service is provided through a provider network  |
| Requirement:             | regardless of whether a network discount was applied.  |
| Definition:<br>Reporting | A code that indicates whether the medical service is provided through a provider network.<br>Report the code that indicates whether the service is provided through a provider network |

| Code | Description   |
|------|---|
| Н    | HMO – the medical service provider belongs to a Health Maintenance Organization agreement                 |
| N    | No Agreement – the medical service provider does not belong to a provider network                         |
| Р    | Participation Agreement – the medical service provider is part of an agreement that is not an HMO or PPO  |
| Y    | PPO Agreement – the medical service provider<br>belongs to a Preferred Provider Organization<br>agreement |
| B    | Pharmacy Benefit Manager  |

# Paid Amount

| Field No.:<br>Position(s): | 19<br>197-207   |
|----------------------------|---|
| Class:                     | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                     | 11  |
| Format:                    | N 11, this field must be right justified and left zero-filled. There is an implied decimal between positions 205 and 206. If the reported amount does not include digits after the decimal, add 00 to the right of the reported amount. For example:<br>• \$123.45 is reported as 00000012345<br>• \$123 is reported as 00000012300   |
| Definition:                | The amount on the bill (line) paid by the coverage provider for the medical service.  |
| Reporting<br>Requirement:  | For information on changes to an amount field, refer to Record Replacements and Cancellations in the <b>Reporting Rules</b> section of this manual.<br>Report the total amount that was paid by the coverage provider for the applicable line If a change to the Paid Amount occurs to a previously reported record, submit a replacement transaction, Transaction Code 03 (Positions 44-45), and report the current cumulative amount (original amount plus or minus changes) for the applicable line. |
|                            |   |
|                            | <b>Note:</b> This field should never be a negative value since the total amount paid rather than the change in paid dollars is to be reported.  |
| Paid Procedure Code        |   |
| Field No.:                 | 16  |
| Position(s):               | 153-177   |
| Class:                     | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                     | 25  |
| Format:                    | A/N Varies, format according to the requirements for the code list used. Refer to the<br>Procedure Code List Type table in the Reporting Requirement for this field.  |
| Definition:                | A code from the jurisdiction-approved code table that identifies the procedure associated with the reimbursement.   |
| Reporting                  | Report the Paid Procedure Code from the jurisdiction-approved code table (refer to the  |
| Requirement:               | Procedure Code List Type table within this description) that corresponds to the Line Identification Number (Positions 99–128) as it relates to the reimbursement reported in Paid Amount (Positions 197–207).   |
|                            | The Paid Procedure Code must be populated with correct code values, including leading<br>zeros. When a procedure code is reported without leading zeros, that code may be edited  |

zeros. When a procedure code is reported without leading zeros, that code may be edited

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#### as invalid or may match values from other codes sets.

For example, if the leading zero is not reported on Hospital Revenue Code 0116 – Room & Board – Private (One Bed), the resulting value appears to be DRG Code 116 – Intraocular Procedures with CC/MCC. Incorrect reporting impacts the pricing of legislative reform.

If the bill reflects a procedure code other than the procedure code associated with the reimbursement, report the Paid Procedure code associated with the reimbursement in this field and the billed procedure code in the Secondary Procedure Code (Positions 290–314). **Refer to Paid Procedure Code Reporting section of this manual.** 

Revenue codes provide only broad classifications; therefore, they should only be reported as a Paid Procedure Code when no other code was used to determine the reimbursement (i.e., CPT®, CDT, HCPCS, DRG, or NDC, -, or DRG.)

The Delaware Workers' Compensation Health Care Payment System guidelines state that:

"...if a prescription drug or medicine has been repackaged, the Average Wholesale Price used to determine the maximum reimbursement in controverted and uncontroverted cases shall be the Average Wholesale Price for the underlying drug product, as identified by its national drug code, from the original labeler.

Based on this guideline, data submitters should report the original (underlying) NDC code as the Paid Procedure Code and the repackaged NDC code as the Secondary Procedure Code (Positions 290–314).

| Procedure Code List Type                           |                        |  |
|--|------------------------|--|
| Code List Type*                                    | Code Length<br>(Bytes) | Description/Formatting   |
| CPT®-Current Procedural<br>Terminology             | 5                      | <ul> <li>Codes are either 5 numbers or 4 numbers<br/>followed by a single alpha character</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the<br/>right of the last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the<br/>code**</li> </ul>   |
| CDT-Current Dental<br>Terminology                  | 5                      | <ul> <li>Codes are either 5 numbers or a single<br/>alpha character followed by 4 numbers</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the<br/>right of the last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the<br/>code**</li> </ul>   |
| HCPCS-Healthcare Common<br>Procedure Coding System | 5                      | <ul> <li>Codes are either 5 numbers or a single<br/>alpha character followed by 4 numbers</li> <li>Level 1 uses the CPT® codes while level 2<br/>adds alphanumeric codes for other services<br/>such as ambulance or prosthetics</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the<br/>right of the last number or character when less<br/>than 25 bytes</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the<br/>code**</li> </ul> |
| NDC-National Drug Codes                            | 10 or 11               | • 11-byte HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act) standard codes or 10-  |

| - <mark></mark>   |        | <ul> <li>byte FDA (Food and Drug Administration) codes</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number</li> <li>Do not include dashes</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul>   |
|---|--------|--|
| DRG-Diagnostic Related Group  | 3      | <ul> <li>Numeric codes classify procedures into related groups for inpatient services</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> <li>Report the DRG code version as authorized in the state workers' compensation fee schedule regulations. For Delaware, the DRG code version is the CMS (Medicare) MS-DRG code.</li> </ul> |
| Revenue Codes   | 4      | <ul> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul>   |
| State-Specific  | Varied | <ul> <li>Byte length dependent on state rules</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number or character when less than 25 bytes</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul>  |
| NCCI Proprietary – Compound<br>Drugs  | 11     | <ul> <li>Report as 9999999999</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill Positions 164-177</li> </ul>  |
| NCCI Proprietary – Per Diem   | 8      | <ul> <li>Report as PER-DIEM</li> <li>Capitalize and include dash</li> <li>Left justify and blank fill Positions 161-177</li> <li>Refer to Section V – Reporting Rules, Part</li> <li>F- Per Diem Hospital Charges for instructions on using this code.</li> </ul>  |
| NCCI Proprietary – Medical<br>Marijuana – Reimbursement to<br>injured worker (claimant) | 5      | <ul> <li>Report as MM001</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill Positions 158-177</li> <li>Refer to Section V – Reporting Rules, Part<br/>H- Medical Marijuana Data Reporting for<br/>instructions on using this code.</li> </ul>  |
| NCCI Proprietary – Medical<br>Marijuana – Reimbursement<br>directly to dispensary       | 5      | <ul> <li>Report as MM002</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill Positions 158-177</li> <li>Refer to Section V – Reporting Rules, Part<br/>H- Medical Marijuana Data Reporting for<br/>instructions on using this code.</li> </ul>  |

\* Report a - DRG code as the Paid Procedure Code if it is the basis of the reimbursement; otherwise, report the CPT®, CDT, HCPCS or NDC code.

\*\* If converting codes from a system that does not store leading zeros, ensure that the leading zero(s) is inserted correctly. For example, if the system stores 5.9 for a code that is listed as 005.9 on the code list, then insert two zeros to the left of the 5 when reporting to the DCRB.

# Paid Procedure Code Modifier(s)

| Field No.:   | 17   |
|--------------|--|
| Position(s): | 178-185  |
| Class:       | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters                               |
| Bytes:       | 8 – First Paid Procedure Code Modifier (4), Second Paid Procedure Code Modifier (4)                |
| Format:      | First Paid Procedure Code Modifier – A/N 4 (Positions 178-181), left justified and blank-filled to |
|              | the right of the last number or character when the First Paid Procedure Code Modifier(s) is less   |
|              | than 4 bytes.  |
|              | Second Paid Procedure Code Modifier – A/N 4 (Positions 182-185), left justified and blank-         |
|              | filled to the right of the last number or character when the Second Paid Procedure Code            |
|              | Modifier(s) is less than 4 bytes.  |
|              | If only one Paid Procedure Code Modifier applies, report in Positions 178-181 and leave            |
|              | Positions 182-185 blank  |
| Definition:  | A code from the jurisdiction-approved code table that identifies the unique circumstances          |
|              | related to the Paid Procedure Code (Positions 153-177) when the circumstance alters a              |
|              | procedure or service but does not change the Paid Procedure Code or its definition.                |
| Reporting    | Report the Paid Procedure Code Modifier(s) related to the Paid Procedure Code (Positions           |
| Requirement: | 153-177). If there are more than two modifiers, report only the modifier(s) that impacts the       |
|              | reimbursement.   |

# **Place of Service Code**

| J |              |   |
|---|--------------|---|
|   | Field No.:   | 27  |
|   | Position(s): | 282-289   |
|   | Class:       | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters  |
|   | Bytes:       | 8   |
|   | Format:      | A/N 8, this field must be left justified and blank-filled to right of the last number or character when the Place of Service Code is less than 8 bytes. Include leading zeros when part of the code. If converting codes from a system that does not store leading zeros, ensure that the leading zero(s) is inserted correctly. For example, if the system stores 9 for a code that is listed as 09 on the code list, insert a zero to the left of the 9 when reporting to the DCRB. |
|   | Definition:  | A code that indicates where the medical service was performed.  |
|   | Reporting    | Report the Place of Service Code from the Place of Service list that indicates where the  |
|   | Requirement: | medical service was performed. Do not report Place of Service Code 99 (Other Place of   |
|   |              | Service) when the place of service is unavailable. Instead, leave this field blank.   |
|   |              |   |

For facility and hospital services, the Place of Service Crosswalk was developed to provide a mapping of the Type of Bill code to the Place of Service code. Refer to the Place of Service crosswalk in the **Appendix**.

|      | Place of Service*                             |       |  |
|------|---|-------|--|
| Code | Description                                   | Code  | Description                                    |
| 01   | Pharmacy                                      | 33    | Custodial Care Facility                        |
| 02   | Dispensary                                    | 34    | Hospice  |
| 03   | School  | 35-40 | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                  |
| 04   | Homeless Shelter                              | 41    | Ambulance-Land                                 |
| 05   | Indian Health Service-Free Standing Facility  | 42    | Ambulance-Air or Water                         |
| 06   | Indian Health Service Provider-Based Facility | 43-48 | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                  |
| 07   | Tribal 638 Free-Standing Facility             | 49    | Independent Clinic                             |
| 08   | Tribal 638 Provider-Based Facility            | 50    | Federally Qualified Health Center              |
| 09   | Prison-Correctional Facility                  | 51    | Inpatient Psychiatric Facility                 |
| 10   | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                 | 52    | Psychiatric Facility-Partial Hospitalization   |
| 11   | Office  | 53    | Community Mental Health Center                 |
| 12   | Home  | 54    | Intermediate Care Facility/Mentally Retarded   |
| 13   | Assisted Living Facility                      | 55    | Residential Substance Abuse Treatment Facility |

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| 14              | Group Home                     | 56    | Psychiatric Residential Treatment Center         |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------|--|
| 15              | Mobile Unit                    | 57    | Non-Residential Substance Abuse Treatment        |
|                 |                                |       | Facility   |
| 16              | Temporary Lodging              | 58-59 | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                    |
| 17              | Walk-In Retail Health Clinic   | 60    | Mass Immunization Center                         |
| <mark>18</mark> | Place of Employment - Worksite | 61    | Comprehensive Inpatient Rehabilitation Facility  |
| 19              | Unassigned – Not valid for DE  | 62    | Comprehensive Outpatient Rehabilitation Facility |
| 20              | Urgent Care Facility           | 63-64 | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                    |
| 21              | Inpatient Hospital             | 65    | End-Stage Renal Disease Treatment Facility       |
| 22              | Outpatient Hospital            | 66-70 | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                    |
| 23              | Emergency Room-Hospital        | 71    | Public Health Clinic                             |
| 24              | Ambulatory Surgical Center     | 72    | Rural Health Clinic                              |
| 25              | Birthing Center                | 73-80 | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                    |
| 26              | Military Treatment Facility    | 81    | Independent Laboratory                           |
| 27-30           | Unassigned – Not valid for DE  | 82-98 | Unassigned – Not valid for DE                    |
| 31              | Skilled Nursing Facility       | 99    | Other Place of Service                           |
| 32              | Nursing Facility               |       |  |

\* Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (www.cms.hhs.gov). The codes listed are valid as of the guidebook issue date. New codes approved by CMS are valid by definition.

# **Policy Effective Date**

| Field No.:   | 3  |
|--------------|--|
| Position(s): | 24-31  |
| Class:       | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters   |
| Bytes:       | 8  |
| Format:      | YYYYMMDD   |
| Definition:  | The date the policy under which the claim occurred became effective.                           |
| Reporting    | Report the effective date that corresponds to the date shown on the policy Information Page or |
| Requirement: | to endorsements attached. The Policy Effective Date reported must be before or the same as     |
|              | Accident Date (Positions 53-60).   |
|              |  |

Report the policy effective date applicable at the time of the claim. Do not report the policy inception date.

# **Policy Number Identifier**

| Field No.:                | 2   |
|---------------------------|---|
| Position(s):              | 6-23  |
| Class:                    | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                    | 18  |
| Format:                   | A/N 18, letters A–Z and numbers 0–9 only (if the Policy Number Identifier is less than 18 bytes, this field must be left justified, and blanks in all spaces to the right of the last character). |
| Definition:               | The unique set of numbers and/or letters that identify the policy under which the claim occurred (letters A–Z and numbers 0–9 only).  |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report the unique set of numbers and/or letters that identify the policy under which the claim occurred.  |
|                           |   |

# Policy Number Identifier must match the Unit Statistical data policy number including any prefixes or suffixes.

# Primary ICD -- Diagnostic Code

| Field No.:   | 20   |
|--------------|--|
| Position(s): | 208-221  |
| Class:       | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters |

| Bytes:  | 14  |
|---------|---|
| Format: | A/N 14, this field must be left justified and contain blanks in all spaces to the right of the last |
|         | character if the Primary ICD - Diagnostic Code is less than 14 bytes. Additional formatting         |
|         | rules include (see example):  |
|         | Penort zeros only when part of the code   |

- Report zeros only when part of the code
- Capitalize alphabetic characters
- Report the decimal only if the code contains characters (including zero) to the right

| If ICD Diagnostic Code is | Then valid format is ("_" indicates a space) |
|---------------------------|--|
| 942                       | 942  |
| 942.                      | 942  |
| 942.0                     | 942.0  |
| 372.61                    | 372.61                                       |
| 043.9                     | 043.9  |
| 005.9                     | 005.9  |
| E111                      | E111   |
| S42                       | S42  |
| S42.                      | S42  |
| S42.0                     | S42.0  |
| S42.001D                  | S42.001D                                     |

# Note:

• If converting codes from a system that does not store a decimal, ensure that the decimal is inserted correctly (not always in the 4<sup>th</sup> position). For example, 7999 may be 079.99 or 799.9.

• For ICD-9 codes, if the code starts with an E, then the decimal is reported in the fifth position; if it starts with a V, then the decimal is reported in the fourth position. If there is no leading alpha character, then report the decimal at the fourth position, if the length of the code is four characters or more.

• For ICD-10 codes, the decimal point is reported in the 4<sup>th</sup> position (regardless of the leading alpha character.) If the ICD-10 code is only 3 characters, do not report a decimal.

• If converting codes from a system that does not store leading zeros, ensure that the leading zero(s) is inserted correctly. For example, if 5.9 is listed as 005.9 on the code list, insert two zeros to the left of the 5.

Definition: A code that identifies the primary diagnosis associated with the medical service rendered. Reporting Requirement: Medicaid Services) ICD - code that identifies the primary diagnosis associated with the medical service rendered.

Note: DCRB will accept both ICD-9 and ICD-10 codes in this field as of January 1, 2014.

**Note:** DCRB does *not* recognize ICD-9 code 999.9 (complication of medical care not elsewhere classified) as a valid code.

# **Provider Identification Number**

| Field No.:                               | 23   |
|--|--|
| Position(s):                             | 256-270  |
| Class:                                   | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters   |
| Bytes:                                   | 15   |
| Format:                                  | A/N 15, this field must be left justified and contain blanks in all spaces to the right of the last character if the Provider Identification Number is less than 15 bytes.   |
| Definition:<br>Reporting<br>Requirement: | A number that uniquely identifies the billing medical provider.<br>Report the number that uniquely identifies the medical/service provider (i.e., state-required number, unique carrier coding scheme, Federal Employer Identification Number, |
|  |  |

or National Provider Identification) that billed for the service. For example, if a line item of a hospital bill indicates that a Registered Physical Therapist provided therapy to a claimant as an employee of the hospital, report the hospital's Provider Identification Number.

**Note:** In cases where a billing house bills the payer, report the Provider Identification Number of the medical service provider for whom the billing house is submitting the bill. DCRB considers a PBM (Pharmacy Benefit Management) company to be a billing house.

A unique carrier coding scheme may be used in lieu of a state-required number when reporting to the DCRB. However, the unique carrier coding scheme must be used consistently.

# Provider Postal (ZIP) Code

| Field No.:                | 24  |
|---------------------------|---|
| Position(s):              | 271-273   |
| Class:                    | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                    | 3   |
| Format:                   | A/N 3   |
| Definition:               | The code assigned by the postal service (USPS or other) to the medical/service provider address where the service was performed.  |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report only the first three digits/characters of the postal (ZIP) code for the medical/service provider address where the service was performed. In states where the postal (ZIP) code impacts the reimbursement, report the postal (ZIP) code associated with the reimbursement.                 |
|                           | If unavailable, report only the first three digits of the postal (ZIP) code of the provider's billing address unless it is a billing house. When the billing address is a billing house and the postal (ZIP) code for the medical/service provider address where the service was performed is not |
|                           | (Zh ) code for the medical service provider address where the service was performed is not  |

available, leave this field blank.

Note: DCRB considers a PBM (Pharmacy Benefit Management) company to be a billing house.

# **Provider Taxonomy Code**

| Field No.:                | 22  |
|---------------------------|---|
| Position(s):              | 236-255   |
| Class:                    | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters  |
| Bytes:                    | 20  |
| Format:                   | A/N 20, this field must be left justified and contain blanks in all spaces to the right of the last character if the Provider Type Code is less than 20 bytes.  |
| Definition:               | A taxonomy code that identifies the type of provider that billed for and is being paid for the medical service.   |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report the taxonomy code that identifies the type of provider that billed for and is being paid for the medical service. For example, if a line item of a hospital bill indicates that a Registered Physical Therapist provided therapy to a claimant as an employee of the hospital, report the Provider Taxonomy Code associated with the hospital. Or, if an Orthopedic Surgeon provides surgical services to a claimant through a surgical center, but the surgeon receives the payment, report the Provider Taxonomy Code associated with the surgeon. |
|                           | Note: When determining the Provider Taxonomy Code based on the Provider Identification<br>Number, use the source for the Provider Identification Number as indicated in Section III<br>– Record Layouts of this manual.   |

**Note**: In cases where a billing house bills the payer, report the Provider Taxonomy Code associated with the medical service provider that initially submitted the bill. DCRB considers a PBM (Pharmacy Benefit Management) company to be a billing house.

Use the Provider Taxonomy list of standard codes maintained by the National Uniform Claim Committee—Code Subcommittee (available at www.nucc.org or The Washington Publishing Company).

# **Quantity/Number of Units Per Procedure Code**

| Field No.:   | 26  |
|--------------|---|
| Position(s): | 275-281   |
| Class:       | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters  |
| Bytes:       | 7   |
| Format:      | N 7, rounded up to the nearest whole number. Do not report a decimal.                       |
|              | This field must be right justified and left zero-filled.                                    |
| Definition:  | The number of units of service performed or the quantity of drugs dispensed.                |
| Reporting    | Report the number of units of service performed or the quantity of drugs dispensed that are |
| Requirement: | related to the Paid Procedure Code. (Positions 153-177). Use the base quantity specified by |
|              | the applicable procedure code to determine the quantity or number to report.                |

# Example: Base size/amount as specified by applicable procedure code

Supplies – The Paid Procedure Code reported is for surgical gloves. The code specifies that the base quantity is a pair of gloves. For this example, if one pair was used, 0000001 would be reported in this field.
Physical or Occupational Therapy – The Paid Procedure Code specifies that one unit is equal to a base amount of time and that a base amount of time is equal to 15 minutes. For this example, if the therapy was for 15 minutes, the time would be reported as 0000001.

Note: Additional time spent in therapy is often designated with a distinct procedure code.

For Paid Procedure Codes related to medications, the quantity/units depend on the type of drug.

- For tablets, capsules, suppositories, non-filled syringes, etc., report the actual number of the drug provided. For example, a bottle of 30 pills would be reported as 0000030.
- For liquids, suspensions, solutions, creams, ointments, bulk powders, etc., dispensed in standard packages, report the units as specified by the Procedure Code. For example, a cream is dispensed in a standard tube, which is defined as a unit by the Procedure Code. Report 00000001 (one tube).
- For liquids, suspensions, solutions, creams, ointments, bulk powders, etc., that are not dispensed in standard packages, report the amount provided in its standard unit of measurement (e.g., milliliters, grams, ounces). For example, codeine cough syrup dispensed by a pharmacist into a four-ounce bottle would be reported as 00000004.

# For Paid Procedure Codes related to anesthesia, the quantity/units is reported in minutes. For

example, if 220 minutes of anesthesia was provided, report 0000220 in this field.

# Secondary ICD -- Diagnostic Code

| Field No.:   | 21   |
|--------------|--|
| Position(s): | 222-235  |
| Class:       | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters   |
| Bytes:       | 14   |
| Format:      | A/N 14, this field must be left justified and contain blanks in all spaces to the right of the last character if the Secondary ICD - Diagnostic Code is less than 14 bytes. Additional formatting rules include (see example): |
|              | Penort zeros only when part of the code  |

- Report zeros only when part of the code
- Capitalize alphabetic characters

• Report the decimal only if the code contains characters (including zero) to the right of the decimal

| If ICD Diagnostic Code is | Then valid format is ("_" indicates a space) |
|---------------------------|--|
| 942                       | 942  |
| 942.                      | 942  |
| 942.0                     | 942.0  |
| 372.61                    | 372.61                                       |
| 043.9                     | 043.9  |
| 005.9                     | 005.9  |
| E111                      | E111   |
| S42                       | S42  |
| <mark>S42.</mark>         | S42  |
| S42.0                     | S42.0  |
| S42.001D                  | S42.001D                                     |

# Note:

• If converting codes from a system that does not store a decimal, ensure that the decimal is inserted correctly (not always in the 4<sup>th</sup> position). For example, 7999 may be 079.99 or 799.9.

For ICD-9 codes, if the code starts with an E, then the decimal is reported in the fifth position; if it starts with a V, then the decimal is reported in the fourth position. If there is no leading alpha character, then report the decimal at the fourth position, if the length of the code is four characters or more.
 For ICD-10 codes, the decimal point is reported in the 4<sup>th</sup> position (regardless of the leading alpha character.)

• For ICD-10 codes, the decimal point is reported in the 4<sup>th</sup> position (regardless of the leading alpha character. If the ICD-10 code is only 3 characters, do not report a decimal.

• If converting codes from a system that does not store leading zeros, ensure that the leading zero(s) is inserted correctly. For example, if 5.9 is listed as 005.9 on the code list, insert two zeros to the left of the 5.

Definition: A code that identifies the secondary diagnosis associated with the medical service rendered. Reporting Requirement: Medicaid Services) ICD - code that identifies the secondary diagnosis associated with the medical service rendered.

Note: DCRB will accept both ICD-9 and ICD-10 codes in this field as of January 1, 2014.

**Note:** DCRB does not recognize ICD-9 code 999.9 (complication of medical care not elsewhere classified) as a valid code.

Leave blank - if a secondary diagnosis has not been identified.

# **Secondary Procedure Code**

| Field No.:                | 28   |
|---------------------------|--|
| Position(s):              | 290-314  |
| Class:                    | Alphanumeric (AN) – Field contains alphabetic and numeric characters   |
| Bytes:                    | 25   |
| Format:                   | A/N 25, format according to the requirements for the code list used. Refer to the Procedure Code List Type table in the Reporting Requirement for this field.  |
| Definition:               | A code from the jurisdiction-approved code table that identifies a secondary procedure related to the Paid Amount (Positions 197-207).   |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report the Secondary Procedure Code from the jurisdiction-approved code table (refer to the Procedure Code List Type table within this description) if the bill reflects a procedure code other than the procedure code associated with the reimbursement. |

Leave blank - if the secondary procedure code is the same as the Paid Procedure Code (Positions 153–177).

Refer to Paid Procedure Code Reporting section of this manual for additional instructions and examples.

The Secondary Procedure Code must be populated with correct code values, including leading zeros. When a procedure code is reported without leading zeros, that code may be edited as invalid or may match values from other code sets.

For example, if the leading zero is not reported on Hospital Revenue Code 0116 – Room & Board – Private (One Bed), the resulting value appears to be DRG Code 116 – Intraocular Procedures with CC/MCC. Incorrect reporting impacts the pricing of legislative reform.

Revenue codes provide only broad classifications; therefore, they should only be reported as a Paid Procedure Code when no other code was used to determine the reimbursement (i.e., CPT®, CDT, HCPCS, NDC, -, or DRG.)

The Delaware Workers' Compensation Health Care Payment System guidelines state that:

"...if a prescription drug or medicine has been repackaged, the Average Wholesale Price used to determine the maximum reimbursement in controverted and uncontroverted cases shall be the Average Wholesale Price for the underlying drug product, as identified by its national drug code, from the original labeler.

Based on this guideline, data submitters should report the original (underlying) NDC code as the Paid Procedure Code and the repackaged NDC code as the Secondary Procedure Code (Positions 290–314).

| Procedure Code List Type                           |                           |  |
|--|---------------------------|--|
| Code List Type*                                    | Code<br>Length<br>(Bytes) | Description/Formatting   |
| CPT®-Current Procedural<br>Terminology             | 5                         | <ul> <li>Codes are either 5 numbers or 4 numbers followed<br/>by a single alpha character</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the<br/>last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul>   |
| CDT-Current Dental<br>Terminology                  | 5                         | <ul> <li>Codes are either 5 numbers or a single alpha character followed by 4 numbers</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul>   |
| HCPCS-Healthcare Common<br>Procedure Coding System | 5                         | <ul> <li>Codes are either 5 numbers or a single alpha character followed by 4 numbers</li> <li>Level 1 uses the CPT® codes while level 2 adds alphanumeric codes for other services such as ambulance or prosthetics</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number or character when less than 25 bytes</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul> |
| NDC-National Drug Codes                            | 10 or 11                  | <ul> <li>11-byte HIPAA (Health Insurance Portability and</li> </ul>  |

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|                                 |        | Accountability Act) standard codes or 10-byte FDA<br>(Food and Drug Administration) codes<br>• Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the<br>last number<br>• Do not include dashes<br>• Must include leading zeros when part of the code**   |
|---------------------------------|--------|---|
| DRG-Diagnostic Related<br>Group | 3      | <ul> <li>Numeric codes classify procedures into related groups for inpatient services</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> <li>Report the DRG code version as authorized in the state workers' compensation fee schedule regulations.</li> <li>For Delaware, the DRG code version is the CMS (Medicare) MS-DRG code.</li> </ul> |
| Revenue Codes                   | 4      | <ul> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the<br/>last number</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul>  |
| State-Specific                  | Varied | <ul> <li>Byte length dependent on state rules</li> <li>Left justify and blank-fill all spaces to the right of the last number or character when less than 25 bytes</li> <li>Must include leading zeros when part of the code**</li> </ul>   |

\* Report a BDRG code as the Paid Procedure Code if it is the basis of the reimbursement; otherwise, report the CPT®, CDT, HCPCS or NDC code.

\*\* If converting codes from a system that does not store leading zeros, ensure that the leading zero(s) is inserted correctly. For example, if the system stores 5.9 for a code that is listed as 005.9 on the code list, then insert two zeros to the left of the 5 when reporting to the DCRB.

# Service Date

| Field No.:   | 13  |
|--------------|---|
| Position(s): | 129-136   |
| Class:       | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters  |
| Bytes:       | 8   |
| Format:      | YYYYMMDD  |
| Definition:  | The date when the medical provider performed the service.                                   |
| Reporting    | Report the date the service related to Line Identification Number (Positions 99-129) was    |
| Requirement: | performed. If an in-patient hospital payment spanning multiple days was made and the        |
|              | specific service date (line item) detail is unavailable, zero-fill this field and report in |
|              | Service From Date (Positions 137–144) and Service To Date (Positions 145–152).              |
|              | Service Date must be the same as or after Accident Date (Positions 53-60).                  |
|              |   |

# Example: Bill spans multiple days—line item detail is available

A claimant receives 30 minutes\* of physical therapy on January 8, 10, 15, and 17, 2008. The four services are listed as separate lines (Line Identification Number 1 through 4). Report four records, one for each line. For each record, report the individual date the service was performed in the Service Date field (Positions 129-136). There will only be one date reported for each record. In this example, the Service From Date and Service To Date fields will be zero-filled.

| Bill ID (69-98) | Line ID (99-128) | Paid Procedure<br>Code (153-177) | Service Date (129-136) | Quantity/#Units<br>(275-281) |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1001            | 1                | 0422                             | 20080108               | 000002                       |

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| 1001 | 2 | 0422 | 20080110 | 0000002 |
|------|---|------|----------|---------|
| 1001 | 3 | 0422 | 20080115 | 000002  |
| 1001 | 4 | 0422 | 20080117 | 0000002 |

\*For Paid Procedure Codes which specify each 15-minute segment as 1 unit, then each 30 minutes of physical therapy is reported as 2 units.

# Service From Date

| Field No.:<br>Position(s):<br>Class:<br>Bytes:<br>Format:<br>Definition:<br>Reporting<br>Requirement:                   | <ul> <li>14</li> <li>137-144</li> <li>Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters</li> <li>8</li> <li>YYYYMMDD</li> <li>The date when services were initiated.</li> <li>Use this field for the starting date of service if an inpatient hospital payment spanning multiple days was made and the specific service date (line item) detail is unavailable. In all other cases, zero-fill this field and report the date of service in Service Date (Positions 129–136).</li> </ul>   |
|---|--|
|   | This field is the first date of a date range and must be accompanied by a Service To Date (Positions 145-152).   |
|   | Service From Date must be the same as or after Accident Date (Positions 53-60).  |
|   | Service From Date must not equal Service To Date.  |
| <b>Fo Date</b><br>Field No.:<br>Position(s):<br>Class:<br>Bytes:<br>Format:<br>Definition:<br>Reporting<br>Requirement: | <ul> <li>15 <ul> <li>145-152</li> <li>Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters</li> <li>8</li> <li>YYYYMMDD</li> </ul> </li> <li>The date when services were terminated.</li> <li>Use this field for the ending date of service if an inpatient hospital payment spanning multiple days was made and the specific service date (line item) detail is unavailable. In all other cases, zero-fill this field and report the date of service in Service Date (Positions 129–136).</li> <li>This field is the last date of a date range and must be accompanied by a Service From Date (Positions 137–144).</li> <li>Service To Date must be after Service From Date (Positions 137–144).</li> </ul> Service To Date must not equal Service From Date. |
| ion Code<br>Field No.:<br>Position(s):<br>Class:<br>Bytes:<br>Format:<br>Definition:<br>Reporting<br>Requirement:       | 5<br>44-45<br>Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters<br>2<br>N 2, Data field is to be right justified and left zero-filled.<br>A code that identifies the type of transaction that the record represents.<br>Report the code that identifies the type of transaction of the record being submitted.  |

| Code | Description   |
|------|---|
| 01   | Original – the initial report of the record to<br>the DCRB. Only one original (Transaction<br>Code 01) may be submitted for a given<br>transaction. |
| 02   | Cancellation – cancels (deletes) a previously submitted (Transaction Code 01 or 03) record.   |
| 03   | Replacement – replaces (changes) a previously submitted (Transaction Code 01 or 03) record.   |

**Note**: An Original (01) must be in the same submission or on the DCRB's database before a Cancellation (02) or a Replacement (03) can be submitted.

# **Transaction Date**

| Field No.:                | 10  |  |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Position(s):              | 61-68   |  |
| Class:                    | Numeric (N) – Field contains only numeric characters  |  |
| Bytes:                    | 8   |  |
| Format:                   | YYYYMMDD  |  |
| Definition:               | The date the information in the transaction was processed as established by the original source of the data. Original source of the data is defined as the entity initially responsible for administering the medical bill(s). This may be an insurer, TPA Bill |  |
|                           | Review vendor, Pharmacy Benefit Manager, or other entity that is responsible for<br>medical claim management.   |  |
| Reporting<br>Requirement: | Report the date corresponding to the Transaction Code (Positions 44-45) of the record being submitted.  |  |
|                           |   |  |

| If Transaction Code is | Then report  |
|------------------------|--|
| 01- Original           | The date the information was originally processed by the administering entity. For example: A medical service was performed on 01/15/2008. The medical service provider submitted the bill to a third party administrator, which processed and paid the bill on 01/21/2008. The medical data provider reports the original transaction to the DCRB with its 1st quarter submission on 04/01/2008. The Transaction Date for this original record is 01/21/2008 (reported as 20080121).  |
| 02- Cancellation       | The date the cancellation was performed in the system of the administering entity.   |
| 03- Replacement        | The date that the information was changed or corrected<br>in the system of the administering entity. For example:<br>Using the same scenario as described in the example for<br>01-Original, the administering entity discovers an error<br>on the bill and corrects it in its system on 05/1/2008. The<br>medical data provider reports the replacement<br>transaction to the DCRB with its 2nd Quarter submission<br>on 07/01/2008. The Transaction Date for this<br>replacement record is 05/01/2008 (reported as<br>20080501). |

# **SECTION V – REPORTING RULES**

# A. Original Reports

Medical Call data is the detailed line information of a bill, also referred to as a medical transaction, reported to the DCRB as an individual record. The Original report is the first reporting of the medical transaction, identified by Transaction Code 01-Original in the record layout (Positions 44-45). For record reporting details, refer to the **Medical Data Call Record** section and the **Data Dictionary** section of this manual.

All medical transactions (existing claims and new claims) that occur within a specific quarter, based on Transaction Date (Positions 61-68), must be reported in that quarter's submission. Historical data for existing claims is not to be reported.

Quarterly submissions are due to the DCRB at the end of the following quarter. For example, medical transactions that occur in September are reported in the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter submission due to the DCRB by December 31 of the reporting year. For details on quarterly and monthly reporting options, refer to Reporting Frequency in the **General Rules** section of this manual.

# B. Record Replacements And Cancellations

Medical data providers may delete or change previously reported records (whether the records were reported in earlier submissions or as a prior record in the current submission). Since Medical Data Call reporting is done at the individual line level of a bill, it is not necessary to resubmit every line of a bill if only one line must be deleted or changed.

Transaction Code (Positions 44-45) is used to identify these changes as follows:

Transaction Code 02 – Cancellation – Deletes a record Transaction Code 03 – Replacement – Changes a record

**Note**: An Original (01) must be in the same submission or on the DCRB's database before a Cancellation (02) or a Replacement (03) can be submitted.

For additional information, refer to Transaction Code in the Data Dictionary section of this manual.

#### 1. Record Deletions

A record or multiple records that have been previously reported can be deleted from the DCRB's database via a cancellation record. The Cancellation transaction (Transaction Code 02) deletes **all** records, whether one or multiple, for a given key field combination (Carrier Code, Policy Number Identifier, Policy Effective Date, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number).

To delete a previously submitted record, submit a cancellation record with the following:

- (a) All key fields (Carrier Code, Policy Number Identifier, Policy Effective Date, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number) populated. The key fields must match those reported on the previous record to which the cancellation applies.
- (b) Transaction Code 02-Cancellation (Positions 44-45).
- (c) Transaction Date (Positions 61-68) reported as the date the cancellation is performed. This date must be after the transaction date on the previous record to which the cancellation applies.

#### Example: Deleting a single record

Carrier 99990 submits an erroneous record (A). To remove it from the database, the carrier submits a cancellation record (B) with the same key fields and Transaction Code 02. The Transaction Date of the cancellation record is the date when the cancellation is performed.

| Scenario | (1)<br>Carrier<br>Code | (4)<br>Claim<br>Number<br>Identifier | (5)<br>Trans<br>Code | (10)<br>Trans<br>Date | (11)<br>Bill<br>ID# | (12)<br>Line<br>ID# | (13)<br>Service<br>Date | (18)<br>Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | (19)<br>Paid Amount | (20)<br>Quantity/<br># of<br>Units |
|----------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| А        | 99990                  | 0006                                 | 01                   | 20071210              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 00000010000         | 0000001                            |
| В        | 99990                  | 0006                                 | 02                   | 20071217              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 00000010000         | 0000001                            |

Not all data elements are shown. For each record of this example, the corresponding data for the elements not shown is identical.

#### 2. Key Field Changes

To change a key field on a previously submitted record, a cancellation record must first be submitted to remove the record from the database. Refer to Deleting a Record in this section of the manual for details.

After deleting the previously reported record, submit a new record with the following:

- (a) All key fields (Carrier Code, Policy Number Identifier, Policy Effective Date, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number) populated with the corrected information and the previously reported information for any key fields that are not being changed.
- (b) Transaction Code 01-Original (Positions 44-45).
- (c) Transaction Date (Positions 61-68) reported as the date the key field change was made.

#### Example: Key field change

Carrier 99990 submits an original record (A) with an erroneous Claim Number Identifier of 1000. To change the claim number identifier, the carrier first submits a cancellation record (B) with all the key fields as previously reported (including Claim Number Identifier 1000), Transaction Code 02, and Transaction Date as the date the cancellation was performed. After submitting the cancellation, the carrier submits a new record (C) with the corrected Claim Number Identifier and all the other key fields as previously reported, Transaction Code 01, and Transaction Date as the date the change was performed.

| Scenario | (1)<br>Carrier<br>Code | (4)<br>Claim<br>Number<br>Identifier | (5)<br>Trans<br>Code | (10)<br>Trans<br>Date | (11)<br>Bill<br>ID# | (12)<br>Line<br>ID# | (13)<br>Service<br>Date | (18)<br>Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | (19)<br>Paid Amount | (20)<br>Quantity/<br># of<br>Units |
|----------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Α        | 99990                  | 1000                                 | 01                   | 20071210              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 00000010000         | 0000001                            |
| В        | 99990                  | 1000                                 | 02                   | 20071217              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 0000010000          | 0000001                            |
| С        | 99990                  | 0001                                 | 01                   | 20071217              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 00000010000         | 0000001                            |

Not all data elements are shown. For each record of this example, the corresponding data for the elements not shown is identical.

# 3. Record Changes

A record or multiple records that have been previously reported can be changed via a replacement record. The replacement record shows the current cumulative values for all data elements rather than the change in value.

Changes via a replacement record can only be made to non-key fields. To change key fields, refer to Key Field Changes via Cancellation in this section.

To change a non-key field for a previously reported record (original or replacement), submit a replacement record with the following:

- (a) All key fields (Carrier Code, Policy Number Identifier, Policy Effective Date, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number) populated. The key fields must match those reported on the previous record to which the change applies.
- (b) Transaction Code 03-Replacement (Positions 44-45).
- (c) Transaction Date (Positions 61-68) reported as the date the information was changed in the system of the administering entity.
- (d) The current cumulative values for all non-key fields (not the change in value).

Note: The replacement record must include all data elements even if they do not change.

#### Example: Changing an amount field due to an additional reimbursement

Carrier 99990 submits a record (A) for a medical transaction. One week later, the carrier makes an additional reimbursement of \$1,000. To change the transaction, the carrier submits a replacement record (B) with the same key fields as the record being changed, Transaction Code 03, and the current cumulative value (not the change in value) for all non-key fields including the Paid Amount, which reflects the total after reimbursement. The Transaction Date of the replacement record is the date the additional reimbursement was made in the system of the administering entity.

| Scenario | (1)<br>Carrier<br>Code | (4)<br>Claim<br>Number<br>Identifier | (5)<br>Trans<br>Code | (10)<br>Trans<br>Date | (11)<br>Bill<br>ID# | (12)<br>Line<br>ID# | (13)<br>Service<br>Date | (18)<br>Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | (19)<br>Paid Amount | (20)<br>Quantity/<br># of<br>Units |
|----------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| А        | 99990                  | 0001                                 | 01                   | 20071210              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000099999                              | 0000008999          | 0000001                            |
| В        | 99990                  | 0001                                 | 03                   | 20071217              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000099999                              | 0000009999          | 0000001                            |

Not all data elements are shown. For each record of this example, the corresponding data for the elements not shown is identical.

#### Example: Changing a quantity field due to a previously reported error

Carrier 99990 submits a record with an error in the Quantity/Number of Units field (A). To correct the error, the carrier submits a replacement record (B) with the same key fields as the record being corrected, Transaction Code 03, and the current cumulative value (not the change in value) for all non-key fields including Quantity/# of Units, which reflects the corrected value. The Transaction Date of the replacement record is the date the change was made in the system of the administering entity.

| Scenario | (1)<br>Carrier<br>Code | (4)<br>Claim<br>Number<br>Identifier | (5)<br>Trans<br>Code | (10)<br>Trans<br>Date | (11)<br>Bill<br>ID# | (12)<br>Line<br>ID# | (13)<br>Service<br>Date | (18)<br>Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | (19)<br>Paid Amount | (20)<br>Quantity/<br># of<br>Units |
|----------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| Α        | 99990                  | 0001                                 | 01                   | 20071210              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 00000010000         | 0000001                            |
| В        | 99990                  | 0001                                 | 03                   | 20071217              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 00000010000         | 0000002                            |

Not all data elements are shown. For each record of this example, the corresponding data for the elements not shown is identical.

# 4. Multiple Field Changes

Changes may be made to multiple fields in a record by submitting a single replacement record that includes the following:

- (a) All key fields (Carrier Code, Policy Number Identifier, Policy Effective Date, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number) populated. The key fields must match those reported on the previously reported original or replacement record to which the changes apply.
- (b) Transaction Code 03-Replacement (Positions 44-45).
- (c) Transaction Date (Positions 61-68) reported as the date the information was changed in the system of the administering entity.
- (d) The current cumulative values for all non-key fields (not the change in value).

Note: The replacement record must include all data elements even if they do not change.

# Example: Changing multiple fields

Carrier 99990 must change the Service Date, Amount Charged by Provider, and Paid Amount (A). The carrier submits a replacement record (B) with the same key fields as the record being changed, Transaction Code 03, and the current cumulative value (not the change in values) for all non-key fields including Service Date, Amount Charged by Provider, Paid Amount, and Quantity/#of Units. The Transaction Date of the replacement record is the date the change was made in the system of the administering entity.

| Scenario | (1)<br>Carrier<br>Code | (4)<br>Claim<br>Number<br>Identifier | (5)<br>Trans<br>Code | (10)<br>Trans<br>Date | (11)<br>Bill<br>ID# | (12)<br>Line<br>ID# | (13)<br>Service<br>Date | (18)<br>Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | (19)<br>Paid Amount | (20)<br>Quantity/<br># of<br>Units |
|----------|------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------------------------|
| А        | 99990                  | 0001                                 | 01                   | 20071210              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071203                | 00000010000                              | 00000000000         | 0000001                            |
| В        | 99990                  | 0001                                 | 03                   | 20080115              | 1001                | 1                   | 20071215                | 00000020000                              | 0000020000          | 0000002                            |

Not all data elements are shown. For each record of this example, the corresponding data for the elements not shown is identical.

# C. File Replacements

Medical data providers may delete or replace an entire file that was previously submitted by using Submission File Type Code "R" (Replacement) on the Submission Control Record (Record Type - SUBCTRLREC). For record layout and data element details, refer to Submission Control Record in the **Record Layouts** section of this manual.

**Note:** A Replacement (R) file received by the DCRB more than 24 months or more from the first day of the reporting quarter will be rejected.

**Example:** A data submitter wants to replace a file reported in 1st quarter 2013. The first day of the quarter is 01/01/2013. DCRB will not accept a replacement file submitted on or after 01/01/2015.

#### 1. Deleting Files

To delete an entire file from the DCRB's database, submit a Submission Control Record with no other records in the file. The Submission Control Record for the file is completed as follows:

| Field No. | Field Title/Description    | Reported as                              |
|-----------|----------------------------|--|
| 1         | Record Type                | SUBCTRLREC                               |
| 2         | Submission File Type Code  | R (Replacement)                          |
| 3         | Carrier Group Code         | Same as file being deleted               |
| 4         | Reporting Quarter Code     | Same as file being deleted               |
| 5         | Reporting Year             | Same as file being deleted               |
| 6         | Submission File Identifier | Same as file being deleted               |
| 7         | Submission Date            | Date this file was generated             |
| 8         | Submission Time            | Time this file was generated             |
| 9         | Record Total               | 0 (Do not include the Submission Control |
|           |                            | Record in the count*)                    |
| 10        | Reserved for Future Use    |  |

\*Record Total = 1 will be accepted for carriers counting the Electronic Transmittal Record --.

#### 2. Replacing Files

To replace an entire file that was previously submitted in error, submit a new file with a Submission Control Record and all the records to be replaced.

#### Example: Replacing a file submitted in error

A file is submitted on February 21, 2013 and contains 5,000 records for 4th quarter 2012. On February 23, 2013, the data provider realizes that 500 of the transactions for which records were submitted were reported with Transaction Date 20121209 (12/09/2012) but actually occurred on 01/09/2013 (1st quarter). To replace the entire file, the data provider submits a new file with the 4,500 records for 4th quarter 2012. The Submission Control Record for the replacement file is completed as follows:

| Field No. | Field Title/Description    | Reported as                  |
|-----------|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1         | Record Type                | SUBCTRLREC                   |
| 2         | Submission File Type Code  | R (Replacement)              |
| 3         | Carrier Group Code         | Same as file being replaced  |
| 4         | Reporting Quarter Code     | Same as file being replaced  |
| 5         | Reporting Year             | Same as file being replaced  |
| 6         | Submission File Identifier | Same as file being replaced  |
| 7         | Submission Date            | Date this file was generated |
| 8         | Submission Time            | Time this file was generated |
| 9         | Record Total               | Record count for this file   |
| 10        | Reserved for Future Use    |                              |

The 500 records reported in error must be submitted with 1<sup>st</sup> quarter 20<mark>13</mark> data with the corrected Transaction Date.

**Note:** A Replacement (R) file received by the DCRB 24 months or more from the first day of the reporting quarter will be rejected.

**Example:** A data submitter wants to replace a file reported in 1st quarter 2013. The first day of the quarter is 01/01/2013. The DCRB will not accept a replacement file submitted on or after 01/01/2015.

#### D. Duplicate Records

Duplicate records are two or more records that refer to a single service that was performed by a medical provider. Duplicates can affect medical analysis by overstating utilization. Therefore, **submitters are responsible for filtering out duplicates before sending data to the DCRB**.

The DCRB will review submissions for records with the same key fields (Carrier Code, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number) and the same Transaction Code. If the key fields and Transaction Code are the same, the DCRB will keep the record with the latest Transaction Date. If the Transaction Date is also the same, the DCRB will keep the latest record submitted.

# 1. True Duplicates (Repeating a Single Bill or Line)

It is possible to have records that are truly duplicates but do not share all key fields. This can occur if a service provider sends a second bill (notice) for a service that was not paid. The payer's system might create two records with different Bill Identification Numbers although they are for a single service. In this situation, the data submitter must filter out the duplicate records. **Do not submit both records since it will overstate utilization**.

There are three options to accomplish this:

- Option # 1 Do not submit the second record to the DCRB. The original record will be considered the current record on the database.
- Option # 2 If both records are created in the same quarter and the first has not yet been reported, do not submit the first record to the DCRB. The second record, once submitted, will be considered the current record on the database.
- Option # 3 Cancel the original record and submit a new original record. The second record will be considered the current record on the database. For details, refer to Record Replacements and Cancellations above.
  - **Note:** It is possible that the duplicate bill includes additional lines (e.g., follow-up visits, prescriptions). Report the additional lines in accordance with standard reporting procedures.

#### Example: Reporting options for true duplicates

A claimant received durable medical equipment. The service provider bills payer (Bill ID 101) but does not get paid immediately. The following month, the service provider sends another bill to the payer with the charge for the original durable medical equipment, and the payer's system assigns Bill ID 201 to the second notice.

#### Incorrect reporting:

If both records are submitted, the DCRB's database will show two durable medical equipment bills for a total charge of \$150, double the amount of what actually occurred:

| Claim<br>Number | Transaction<br>Code | Bill ID | Line ID | Paid<br>Procedure<br>Code | Amount<br>Charged | Quantity/<br>Number<br>of<br>Units |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| 12345           | 01                  | 101     | 1       | E1399                     | 0000007500        | 0000001                            |
| 12345           | 01                  | 201     | 1       | E1399                     | 0000007500        | 0000001                            |

# Correct reporting (3 options):

Option #1-Submitting only the first record provides an accurate picture of what occurred and minimizes the number of records stored on the database:

| Claim<br>Number | Transaction<br>Code | Bill ID | Line ID | Paid<br>Procedure<br>Code | Amount<br>Charged | Quantity/<br>Number<br>of<br>Units |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| 12345           | 01                  | 101     | 1       | E1399                     | 0000007500        | 0000001                            |

Option #2 – Submitting only the second record provides an accurate picture of what occurred and minimizes the number of records stored on the database (this option may not be used if the first record is already on the DCRB's database):

| Claim<br>Number | Transaction<br>Code | Bill ID | Line ID | Paid<br>Procedure<br>Code | Amount<br>Charged | Quantity/<br>Number<br>of<br>Units |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| 12345           | 01                  | 201     | 1       | E1399                     | 0000007500        | 0000001                            |

Option #3 – Submitting a cancellation record (Transaction Code 02) cancels the first record. Submitting a new record (Transaction Code 01) then provides an accurate picture of what occurred.

| Claim<br>Number | Transaction<br>Code | Bill ID | Line ID | Paid<br>Procedure<br>Code | Amount<br>Charged | Quantity/<br>Number<br>of<br>Units |
|-----------------|---------------------|---------|---------|---------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| 12345           | 01                  | 101     | 1       | E1399                     | 0000007500        | 0000001                            |
| 12345           | 02                  | 101     | 1       | E1399                     | 0000007500        | 0000001                            |
| 12345           | 01                  | 201     | 1       | E1399                     | 0000007500        | 0000001                            |

**Note:** If Bill 201 includes additional lines (e.g., follow-up visits, prescriptions), report the additional lines in accordance with standard reporting procedures.

#### 2. Multiples of a Procedure Code

It is possible to have a situation where a service provider performs the same service multiple times. These instances are not considered true duplicates (single service billed multiple times) and must be reported to the DCRB. For example, a claimant receives an X-ray, and the service provider requests a second X-ray that repeats the first. Both procedures would be reported.

# E. Dispensing Fees

Dispensing fees are charges assessed when providers issue drugs or supplies to claimants. These dispensing

fees include overhead, supplies, and labor, etc., to fill a prescription. When reporting to the DCRB, include these fees along with the cost of the medication or supply.

Add the dispensing fee to the Amount Charged and Paid Amount in the record for the item dispensed -. For example, if a pharmacy charges \$50 for a medication, with an additional \$1 dispensing fee, one record with an Amount Charged of \$51 would be reported.

# ---

# F. Per Diem Hospital Charges

Inpatient hospital bills contain many services over multiple days. When reporting inpatient hospital bills to the DCRB, only one transaction is required.

The Delaware Workers' Compensation Health Care Payment System uses Diagnostic Related Group (DRG) codes to determine reimbursement of inpatient hospital bills. Report the DRG code for the Paid Procedure Code. Do not report NCCI's proprietary code "PER-DIEM" in the Paid Procedure Code field, but data submitters may report supporting codes, if any, in the Secondary Procedure Code field. Refer to Part IV – Data Dictionary for reporting specifications.

# G. Paid Procedure Code Reporting

Medical billings can contain procedure codes billed by the medical provider that are not directly involved in the reimbursement calculation for the services rendered. For the Medical Data Call, the Paid Procedure Code (Positions 153–177) identifies the procedure associated with the reimbursement paid on a line item or bill. The Secondary Procedure Code (Positions 290–314) field identifies the related procedures billed by the medical provider.

For example, for an inpatient hospital bill, the billed services are often coded using Hospital Revenue Codes, and yet, according to the Delaware state fee schedule, the reimbursement is based on a Diagnosis-Related Group (DRG). In these cases, the DRG should be reported as the Paid Procedure Code for every line to which the DRG reimbursement applies. The Secondary Procedure Code field should reflect the underlying CPT®/HCPCS or Revenue Code billed by the hospital.

The examples in this section illustrate the reporting of Paid Procedure Codes and Secondary Procedure Codes.

# 1. DRG Reimbursement (Multiple Dates of Service) Example

A billing for inpatient shoulder surgery shows charges at the Revenue Code level. For this example, assume that applicable state regulations indicate that the appropriate reimbursement is based on a DRG code. The DRG may have been supplied in the PPS code field (FL 71) on the UB-04 form or it is derived by the billing review software.

When reporting the bill transactions on the Medical Data Call, every record should report the DRG as the Paid Procedure Code when applicable. Each record reports a single Revenue Code as the Secondary Procedure Code along with the associated billed charges as the Amount Charged by Provider (Positions 186-196). The DRG reimbursement applies to the entire bill. The Paid Amount (Positions 197-207) may be reported on one transaction (reflecting a bill level reimbursement), and all other transactions for the bill are reported as \$0.

The following is an example of correct reporting when multiple dates of services are audited separately:

Example: Correct Reporting – Services Audited Separately

| Line<br>Identification<br>Number | Service From<br>Date | Service To<br>Date | Paid<br>Procedure<br>Code | Secondary<br>Procedure<br>Code | Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | Paid Amount     |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------|
| 1                                | 20130604             | 20130606           | <mark>508</mark>          | 0111                           | 00000129138                      | 00000468372     |
| 2                                | 20130604             | 20130606           | <mark>508</mark>          | 0250                           | 00000196255                      | 000000000000000 |
| <mark>3</mark>                   | 20130604             | 20130606           | <mark>508</mark>          | 0270                           | 00000147265                      | 00000000000000  |
| 4                                | 20130604             | 20130606           | <mark>508</mark>          | 0360                           | 00000551900                      | 000000000000000 |
| <mark>5</mark>                   | 20130604             | 20130606           | <mark>508</mark>          | <mark>0370</mark>              | 00000345900                      | 00000000000000  |
| 6                                | 20130604             | 20130606           | <mark>508</mark>          | 0710                           | 00000133800                      | 0000000000      |

Alternatively, when one cannot proportion this reimbursement among the entire billed lines, one can report the total DRG reimbursement as the Paid Amount on a single transaction.

The following is an example of correct reporting when multiple dates of services are bundled together:

#### Example: Correct Reporting – Bundled Billing

| Line<br>Identification | Service From | Service To | Paid<br>Procedure | Secondary<br>Procedure | Amount<br>Charged by |             |
|------------------------|--------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|-------------|
| Number                 | Date         | Date       | Code              | Code                   | Provider             | Paid Amount |
| 1                      | 20130604     | 20130606   | <mark>508</mark>  | <mark>0111</mark>      | 00000129138          | 00000468372 |

The following is an example of incorrect reporting when multiple services are audited separately – in this case, Hospital Revenue Codes were used as the Paid Procedure Codes instead of the correct DRG codes:

# Example: Incorrect Reporting – Services Audited Separately

| <mark>Line</mark>     |              |            | Paid              | <b>Secondary</b> | Amount      |                 |
|-----------------------|--------------|------------|-------------------|------------------|-------------|-----------------|
| <b>Identification</b> | Service From | Service To | Procedure         | Procedure        | Charged by  |                 |
| Number                | Date         | Date       | Code              | Code             | Provider    | Paid Amount     |
| 1                     | 20130604     | 20130606   | 0111              |                  | 00000129138 | 00000468372     |
| 2                     | 20130604     | 20130606   | 0250              |                  | 00000196255 | 000000000000000 |
| 3                     | 20130604     | 20130606   | 0270              |                  | 00000147265 | 000000000000000 |
| 4                     | 20130604     | 20130606   | <mark>0360</mark> |                  | 00000551900 | 00000000000000  |
| <mark>5</mark>        | 20130604     | 20130606   | <mark>0370</mark> |                  | 00000345900 | 00000000000000  |
| <mark>6</mark>        | 20130604     | 20130606   | <mark>0710</mark> |                  | 00000133800 | 00000000000000  |

2. DRG Reimbursement (Single Service Date) Example

Alternatively, inpatient hospital transactions reimbursed under a DRG can be reported on a per-day basis. Because the DRG determined the reimbursement, report the DRG as the Paid Procedure Code. When submitting transactions for individual service dates of an inpatient stay, report the daily reimbursement amount on one of the bill lines for the day as the Paid Amount. The Paid Amount on all other transactions with the same Service Date (Positions 129-136) is reported as \$0 because the daily reimbursement amount was already included on another bill line. Note that the sum of the Paid Amounts will equal the total reimbursement for the entire bill.

The following is an example of correct reporting for a single service date when services are audited separately:

# Example: Correct Reporting – Single Service Date

| Line<br>Identification<br>Number | Service Date | Paid Procedure<br>Code | Secondary<br>Procedure Code | Amount Charged<br>by Provider | Paid Amount |
|----------------------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| 1                                | 20130604     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0111</mark>           | 00000043046                   | 00000156124 |
| <mark>2</mark>                   | 20130604     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0250</mark>           | 00000117753                   | 00000000000 |
| <mark>3</mark>                   | 20130604     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0270</mark>           | 00000147265                   | 00000000000 |
| <mark>4</mark>                   | 20130604     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0360</mark>           | 00000551900                   | 0000000000  |
| 5                                | 20130604     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0370</mark>           | 00000345900                   | 0000000000  |
| <mark>3</mark>                   | 20130604     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0710</mark>           | 00000133800                   | 0000000000  |
| 7                                | 20130605     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0111</mark>           | 00000043046                   | 00000156124 |
| 3                                | 20130605     | <mark>508</mark>       | 0250                        | 00000051027                   | 0000000000  |
| 9                                | 20130606     | <mark>508</mark>       | <mark>0111</mark>           | 0000043046                    | 00000156124 |
| <mark>10</mark>                  | 20130606     | <mark>508</mark>       | 0250                        | 0000027475                    | 0000000000  |

The following is an example of incorrect reporting for a single service date when services are audited separately:

| Exa                              | mple: Incorrect | <b>Reporting – Single</b> | e Service Date              |                               |             |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Line<br>Identification<br>Number | Service Date    | Paid Procedure<br>Code    | Secondary<br>Procedure Code | Amount Charged<br>by Provider | Paid Amount |
| 1                                | 20130604        | 0111                      |                             | 0000043046                    | 00000156124 |
| 2                                | 20130604        | 0250                      |                             | 00000117753                   | 0000000000  |
| 3                                | 20130604        | 0270                      |                             | 00000147265                   | 0000000000  |
| 4                                | 20130604        | 0360                      |                             | 00000551900                   | 0000000000  |
| 5                                | 20130604        | 0370                      |                             | 00000345900                   | 0000000000  |
| 6                                | 20130604        | 0710                      |                             | 00000133800                   | 0000000000  |
| 7                                | 20130605        | 0111                      |                             | 0000043046                    | 00000156124 |
| 8                                | 20130605        | 0250                      |                             | 00000051027                   | 0000000000  |
| 9                                | 20130606        | 0111                      |                             | 0000043046                    | 00000156124 |
| 10                               | 20130606        | 0250                      |                             | 0000027475                    | 0000000000  |

# 3. DRG Reimbursement With Implant Example

The standard DRG reimbursement does not always cover the entire bill, especially bills charging for services or equipment that are expected to vary greatly in cost. Implants and prosthetics are one category of devices that often are not subject to the DRG calculation and, instead, are reimbursed separately.

When reporting the bill line transactions reimbursed according to the DRG, report the applicable DRG in the Paid Procedure Code. For bill line transactions that are not reimbursed under the DRG, report the procedure code (typically a Hospital Revenue Code) used to determine the reimbursement for that bill line in the Paid Procedure Code field and the associated reimbursement in the Paid Amount field.

The following is an example of correct reporting when an implant was billed and reimbursed separately:

# Example: Correct Reporting – DRG Reimbursement With Implant

| Line<br>Identification<br>Number | Service<br>From Date | Service To<br>Date | Paid<br>Procedure<br>Code | Secondary<br>Procedure<br>Code | Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | Paid Amount |
|----------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| <mark>1</mark>                   | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0110                           | 00000130000                      | 00001541298 |
| 2                                | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0250                           | 00000427703                      | 0000000000  |
| <mark>3</mark>                   | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0270                           | 0000025700                       | 0000000000  |
| 4                                | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0271                           | 00000042500                      | 0000000000  |
| <mark>5</mark>                   | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0272                           | 00000151900                      | 0000000000  |
| 6 <sup>1</sup>                   | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>0278</mark>         |                                | 00004415600                      | 00001388978 |
| 7                                | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0300                           | 0000002000                       | 0000000000  |
| 8                                | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0305                           | 0000003000                       | 0000000000  |
| 9                                | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0360                           | 00001580000                      | 0000000000  |
| 10                               | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0370                           | 0000069200                       | 0000000000  |
| 11                               | 20130118             | 20120120           | <mark>460</mark>          | 0710                           | 0000050000                       | 0000000000  |

The following is an example of incorrect reporting when an implant was billed and reimbursed separately:

# Example: Incorrect Reporting – DRG Reimbursement With Implant

| Line<br>Identification<br>Number | Service<br>From Date  | Service To<br>Date | Paid<br>Procedure<br>Code | Secondary<br>Procedure<br>Code | Amount<br>Charged by<br>Provider | Paid Amount |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| 1                                | <mark>20130118</mark> | 20120120           | <mark>0110</mark>         |                                | 00000130000                      | 00001541298 |
| 2                                | 20130118              | 20120120           | 0250                      |                                | 00000427703                      | 0000000000  |
| <mark>3</mark>                   | 20130118              | 20120120           | 0270                      |                                | 0000025700                       | 0000000000  |
| <mark>4</mark>                   | 20130118              | 20120120           | 0271                      |                                | 00000042500                      | 0000000000  |
| <mark>5</mark>                   | 20130118              | 20120120           | 0272                      |                                | 00000151900                      | 0000000000  |
| 6 <sup>2</sup>                   | 20130118              | 20120120           | <mark>0278</mark>         |                                | 00004415600                      | 00001388978 |
| <mark>7</mark>                   | 20130118              | 20120120           | 0300                      |                                | 0000002000                       | 0000000000  |
| 8                                | 20130118              | 20120120           | <mark>0305</mark>         |                                | 0000003000                       | 0000000000  |
| 9                                | 20130118              | 20120120           | <mark>0360</mark>         |                                | 00001580000                      | 0000000000  |
| <mark>10</mark>                  | 20130118              | 20120120           | <mark>0370</mark>         |                                | 0000069200                       | 0000000000  |
| <mark>11</mark>                  | 20130118              | 20120120           | 0710                      |                                | 0000050000                       | 0000000000  |

#### H. Medical Marijuana Data Reporting

For reporting medical marijuana payments, report the following Paid Procedure Codes: MM001 Medical Marijuana—Reimbursement to injured worker (claimant)
MM002 Medical Marijuana—Reimbursement directly to dispensary

When reporting reimbursement for medical marijuana, this existing Taxonomy Code 175F00000X— Naturopath value is recommended as the closest Taxonomy Code for a dispensary.

In order to specify a dispensary as a new Place of Service Code, the following code is to be reported. Place of Service 02—Dispensary (Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) does not

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currently have a code for dispensary)

If applicable state or nationally recognized code values are created for medical marijuana reporting, those code values should be reported in lieu of MM001 and MM002.

# SECTION VI – EDITING AND OTHER VALIDATION PROCEDURES

#### A. Editing Process

The DCRB's editing process is performed to ensure that the medical data provider's data is consistent with reporting requirements and that it meets quality standards. The edit process for the Medical Data Call is based on three quality components:

- (a) Completeness test (e.g., are the data elements appropriately populated?)
- (b) Validation test (e.g., are the data elements populated with valid values?)
- (c) Reasonableness test (e.g., is the distribution of data elements reasonable?)

These tests will be performed within each data element and across Call elements where needed. Editing for the Call is performed within this data type and does not include cross-data type editing.

# ---

#### B. Validating a Submission

Using data element tolerance levels, the editing process determines the overall quality of the Medical Data Call. Data element tolerance levels are defined as follows:

The editing process will evaluate each data element within a file for completeness, validity, and reasonableness. Once all the files have been received, the total number of records that fail per data element will be compared to predetermined error tolerance levels for the complete quarterly data. Error tolerance levels are defined as follows:

- (a) Critical (C) Indicates that the data element is of critical importance. Elements in this category have a very low tolerance for missing or invalid data. For example, a tolerance of .1% would indicate that the data element can only be missing or invalid for 100 out of 100,000 records. Records with missing or invalid critical elements above this tolerance level are not viable for Call use.
- (b) Priority (P) Indicates that the data element is very important but the record can still be of some value even with this data element missing. An example of a Priority - tolerance level is in the range of 1%-5%.
- (c) Low (L) Indicates that the record is still useful when this data element is missing. An example of a Low tolerance level is in the range of 10% 20%.
- (d) Relational (R) Indicates the relationship of one data element in relation to another data element as a reasonability test.
- (e) Required Indicates that the data element must be provided for file acceptance and data processing.
- (f) Required ETR Indicates that the Electronic Transmittal Record (ETR) contains all the data elements required for file acceptance and data processing.
- (g) Required Submission Control Record Indicates that the Submission Control Record contains all the data elements required for file acceptance and data processing.

Below are the edits and their associated tolerance levels that will be performed on each data element:

| Field<br>No. | Data Element                                   | Tolerance/Edit   |
|--------------|--|--|
| 1            | Carrier Code*                                  | Required for file acceptance   |
| 2            | Policy Number Identifier*                      | Required for file acceptance   |
| 3            | Policy Effective Date*                         | Required for file acceptance   |
| 4            | Claim Number Identifier*                       | Required for file acceptance   |
| 5            | Transaction Code                               | Required for file acceptance   |
| 6            | Jurisdiction State Code                        | C  |
| 7            | Claimant Gender Code                           | L  |
| 8            | Birth Year                                     | L  |
| 9            | Accident Date                                  | C  |
| 10           | Transaction Date                               | Required for file acceptance   |
| 11           | Bill Identification Number*                    | Required for file acceptance—Must be unique  |
| 12           | Line Identification Number*                    | Required for file acceptance—Must be unique  |
| 13           | Service Date                                   | <b>R</b> —Must be populated if Service From Date and Service To Date are missing. Must be valid if populated.          |
| 14           | Service From Date                              | <b>R</b> —Must be populated if Service Date is missing. Must be valid if populated.                                    |
| 15           | Service To Date                                | <b>R</b> —Must be populated if Service Date is missing and Service From Date is populated. Must be valid if populated. |
| 16           | Paid Procedure Code                            | P—Must be formatted correctly. Codes validated against procedure codes   |
| 17           | Paid Procedure Code Modifier                   | <b>P</b> —Validated against a table of valid values. Cannot be missing for every record                                |
| 18           | Amount Charged by Provider                     | C—Must be greater than zero  |
| 19           | Paid Amount                                    | C—Must be greater than or equal to zero  |
| 20           | Primary ICD Diagnostic Code                    | P—Codes validated against valid ICD Diagnostic codes   |
| 21           | Secondary ICD Diagnostic Code                  | L—Cannot be missing for every record   |
| 22           | Provider Taxonomy Code                         | P—Must be a valid code   |
| 23           | Provider Identification Number                 | P—Priority tolerance where required by state mandate   |
| 24           | Provider ZIP Code                              | P  |
| 25           | Network Service Code                           | P  |
| 26           | Quantity/Number of Units per Procedure<br>Code | P—Must be numeric  |
| 27           | Place of Service Code                          | P—Must be a valid code   |
| 28           | Secondary Procedure Code                       | R—Must be valid if populated.  |

\* This data element is considered a key field and must be reported the same as on the original record for all records related to a medical transaction (line). Refer to Key Fields in the **Medical Data Call Structure** section of this manual.

# 1. Edit Types

Each Medical Data Call edit is classified into one of the edit types—submission, field, logical, or relational edits:

- Submission edits ensure that the file record length is correct, data provider information is valid, a Submission Control Record exists, and the record count balances
- Field edits ensure that the data contained in each data field is acceptable

- Logical edits verify that the data makes sense in relation to one or more other fields on the same report
- Relational edits compare the data in a specific field on the report with another data field contained in the same report submission and/or with a corresponding medical report that was previously submitted and already stored on the DCRB's database

#### 2. File Acceptance

Every Medical Data Call file received by the DCRB goes through three stages of editing. File Acceptance, the first stage of the editing process, includes submission, field, and relational level edits to determine whether the DCRB can process the file. Refer to Edit Types in this section for edit type descriptions.

In the File Acceptance stage, the entire field is either accepted or rejected.

File Acceptance submission level edits determine whether the:

- File name is valid per file naming conventions
- Data reporter is authorized to report Medical Call data and to submit for the Carrier Group Code
- Record length is correct and contains only valid characters
- File contains a Submission Control Record, there is only one Submission Control Record per file, and the Submission Control Record is not a duplicate
- Submission File Type is valid
- Reporting Quarter is valid
- Reporting Year is valid
- Submission Date is valid
- Record Total is valid and matches the number of records in the file
- Replacement file matches a previously submitted file
- Submission Date and Submission Time on a replacement file are later than the file it is intended to replace

Files that fail submission level edits are rejected and not processed. The medical data provider is notified that the file rejected.

To ensure the completeness and validity of the required fields, field and relational level edits are also performed during this stage on any field that is identified as "Required for File Acceptance." Refer to Validating a Submission in this section for data element tolerance descriptions. The required fields include the - key fields (Carrier Code, Policy Number Identifier, Policy Effective Date, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number) plus Transaction Code and Transaction Date.

- Field edits ensure the completeness and validity of each data element. For example, Carrier Code cannot be missing and must be a valid DCRB Carrier Code.
- Relational edits check for acceptable relationships between elements on different records, either within the submission or on the DCRB's database. For example, a Cancellation record (Transaction Code 02) must have an associated Original record (Transaction Code 01) or Replacement record (Transaction Code 03) in the submission or on the DCRB's database.

When a required field fails an edit, the percentage of edit failure occurrences are counted and compared to tolerance levels. If the percentage of edit failure occurrences is greater than the tolerance, the file will be rejected, and the medical data provider is notified that the file was rejected. If the number of edit failure occurrences is below tolerance, the DCRB will return those records that failed to the data submitter. If more than 1,000 records are rejected (but the file is still accepted) only the first 1,000 records will be returned to the data submitter. The records will be returned via a data download option in

#### the Submission Tracking section of the Medical Data Call Manager online application.

Data providers should review all rejected files and all returned records to identify and correct issues in their source systems.

Once a file passes the File Acceptance stage, all records, except those returned, will be processed.

| File Acceptance              |  |   |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| Edit Types                   | Description  | Edit Failure Results  |  |  |
| Submission                   | Enables the DCRB to process the file   | Reject file   |  |  |
| Field (required fields)      | Ensures complete and valid entry   | Greater than tolerance = Reject file<br>Below tolerance = Return record |  |  |
| Relational (required fields) | Determines if the relationship<br>between fields in different<br>records is acceptable | Return record   |  |  |

For details on all Medical Call edits, refer to the Edit Matrix section of the manual.

#### 3. Quality Tracking

Quality Tracking is the second stage of the editing process. It is at this stage that a data provider can gauge the quality of the data they are reporting.

In this stage, the data elements of each submission are checked for completeness and validity using field, logical, and relational edits:

- Field edits ensure the completeness and validity of each data element. For example, Birth Year cannot be missing, and the year must be a valid year.
- Logical edits check the relationship between elements within the same record. For example, Birth Year must be before Accident Date.
- Relational edits check for acceptable relationships between elements on different records, either within the submission or on the DCRB's database. For example, if an Original record (Transaction Code 01) already resides on the DCRB's database, a new Original with the same key fields (Carrier Code, Policy Number Identifier, Policy Effective Date, Claim Number Identifier, Bill Identification Number, and Line Identification Number) and the same Transaction Code and Transaction Date will invoke an edit.

Refer to Edit Types in this section for edit type descriptions.

Each data element is evaluated against one or more edits and either passes or fails each edit. For each data element, if any edit fails, the transaction is counted and the number of transactions that fail are evaluated against a tolerance level (Critical, Priority, Low, or Relational). Refer to Validating a Submission in this section for data element tolerance descriptions.

In the Quality Tracking stage, the results of the edits are communicated to the medical data provider, at the file level, by the number of data elements that passed Critical, Priority, Low or Relational tolerance levels. The percentage by data element that are available for use, as well as the specific edit or edits that failed for each data element, are also provided.

The DCRB will not reject or return records during this editing stage.

| Quality Tracking             |  |                      |  |  |
|------------------------------|--|----------------------|--|--|
| Edit Types                   | Description  | Edit Failure Results |  |  |
| Field (required fields)      | Ensures complete and valid entry   | Count occurrences    |  |  |
| Logical                      | Determines if the relationship<br>between fields in the same<br>record is acceptable   | Count occurrences    |  |  |
| Relational (required fields) | Determines if the relationship<br>between fields in different<br>records is acceptable | Count occurrences    |  |  |

For details on all Medical Call edits, refer to the **Edit Matrix** section of the manual.

#### 4. Quarter End Validation

Quarter End Validation is the third and final stage of the editing process. This stage begins in the due quarter.

During the Quarter End Validation stage, Quality Tracking edits for all the medical data providers reporting for the carrier group are summarized for the entire quarter's data, developing quality statistics across all submissions. Refer to Quality Tracking in this section for details. Additional - relational edits are performed in this stage:

- •
- Relational edits check the entire submission for completeness and reasonability. For example, an office visit is the most common Place of Service; therefore, the DCRB would expect to see the Place of Service code reported and reported more frequently than other Place of Service codes.

The Quality Tracking and additional - edit failures are aggregated, and the results are provided at the Group level. For each data element, if any edit fails, the transaction is counted and the number of transactions that fail are evaluated against a tolerance level (Critical, Priority, or Low). Refer to Validating a Submission in this section for data element tolerance descriptions.

Aggregate validation distributions based on the additional relational edits are provided as anticipated values (including the corresponding data elements) and as distribution graphs.

The DCRB will not reject or return records during this editing stage.

|   | Quarter End Validation                                |   |  |  |  |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Edit Types  | Description   | Edit Failure Results                              |  |  |  |
| Quality Tracking<br>(Field, Logical,<br>Relational) | Refer to Quality Tracking in this section for details | Count occurrences                                 |  |  |  |
|   |   |   |  |  |  |
| Relational (required fields)                        | Determines if submission meets anticipated values     | Display anticipated values and distribution graph |  |  |  |

For details on all Medical Call edits, refer to the Edit Matrix section of the manual.

# C. Medical Data Call Edit Matrix

#### 1. Medical Data Call Edit Matrix—All Edits in Production

The Medical Data Call Edit Matrix—All Edits in Production contains details on the enhanced editing process that currently takes place in the DCRB's database. This online edit matrix is the most comprehensive resource for information on the DCRB's Medical Data Call editing and can be used when monitoring quality tracking and quarter end validation to obtain the details on each edit. It is updated frequently to ensure the most current editing information.

The Medical Data Call Edit Matrix—All Edits in Production can be found in the Medical Data Reporting section of the DCRB's website, *www.dcrb.com*.

# 2. Medical Data Call Edit Matrix—Future Edit Enhancements

The Medical Data Call Edit Matrix—Future Edit Enhancements contains edits scheduled for future implementation. This edit matrix provides you with lead time and projected implementation dates for planned changes to Medical Data Call editing. This advanced information can be used for planning purposes.

The Medical Data Call Edit Matrix—Future Edit Enhancements has not been established since all the edits are currently contained in the Medical Data Call Edit Matrix.

#### 3. Online Edit Matrix Updates

When changes are made to the Medical Data Call Edit Matrix, carriers will be notified.

# SECTION VII – GLOSSARY

# A. Definitions of Terms

| Adjustment                          | A change to the paid amount on a previously reported <i>record</i> . Adjustments do not include changes due to data reporting errors.   |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Administering Entity                | The <i>insurance carrier</i> , <i>Third Party Administrator</i> , bill review vendor, or other entity that receives the <i>bill</i> from a medical <i>service provider</i> and that pays for the medical transaction.   |
| Ambulatory Surgical<br>Center (ASC) | A state-licensed facility that is used mainly to perform outpatient surgery, has a staff of physicians, has continuous physician and nursing care, and does not provide for overnight stays. An ambulatory surgical center can bill for facility fees much like a hospital, but generally has a separate fee schedule.  |
| •                                   |   |
| ASC                                 | See Ambulatory Surgical Center.   |
| ASCII                               | (American Standard Code for Information Interchange) standard code for representing characters as binary numbers. In addition to printable characters, the ASCII code includes control characters to indicate carriage return, backspace, and the like.   |
| Bill                                | A listing (lines) of charges for medical services. A bill may consist of multiple lines.  |
| Calendar Year<br>Premium            | Associated with premium within a given calendar year period. Calendar year premium is final at the end of the period and does not change from valuation to valuation.   |
| Cancellation                        | A Medical Data Call <i>transaction</i> that allows the <i>medical data provider</i> to completely remove a previously submitted record or multiple records from the DCRB's database.  |
| Carrier                             | See Insurance Carrier   |
| Carrier Group                       | Insurance companies under a common ownership  |
| Claim                               | A demand to recover from a loss or damage covered by a policy of insurance. A Medical Data Call claim (identified by claim number) includes one or more <i>bills</i> for medical services.  |
| Claimant                            | The person who makes a <i>claim</i> . The claimant receives the medical services listed on the <i>bill</i> (s) for the associated claim.  |
| CMS-1500 Form                       | The standard claim form of the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services used by<br>non-institutional providers or suppliers to bill Medicare carriers and durable medical<br>equipment regional carriers (DMERCs) when a provider qualifies for a waiver from the<br>Administrative Simplification Compliance Act (ASCA) requirement for electronic submission<br>of claims. It is also used for billing of some Medicaid State Agencies. |

| Count Occurrences                                    | A mechanism for tracking record level edits that pass or fail. During File Acceptance processing, all edits with an outcome of "Count Occurrences" that fail will cause the record to be rejected and returned to the data submitter. Quality Tracking edits with an outcome of "Count Occurrences" that fail will always be displayed as a percentage of the total records. Quarter End Validation edits with an outcome of "Count Occurrences" that fail will be displayed as a percentage of total records when the result exceeds the tolerance level. |
|--|--|
| Coverage Provider<br>(or Coverage<br>Provider Group) | See Insurance Carrier.   |
| Data Element   | The smallest unit of physical data for which attributes are defined.   |
| Deductible   | A clause in an insurance policy that relieves the <i>insurer</i> of responsibility in dollars, percentage of the total, or percentage of the loss before paying the loss.  |
| Field  | An area designated for a particular category of data.  |
| File   | An organized, named collection of related records packaged collectively and reported electronically to the DCRB. For Medical Call data, a file may only include the data from one <i>reporting group</i> , but data for multiple carrier codes within the reporting group is acceptable.   |
| Gross Premium  | In company language, the premium before deducting any premium paid for reinsurance and, in some cases, before paying any return premium.   |
| Health Maintenance<br>Organization (HMO)             | An organization of medical care providers that offers a specified range of medical care in return for a set fee. See also <i>Preferred Provider Organization</i> .   |
| НМО  | See Health Maintenance Organization.   |
| Individual Reporter                                  | A <i>medical data provider</i> that reports data only for its own carrier code. Data will not be included in a <i>file</i> for other carrier codes.  |
| Insurance Carrier                                    | The company that issues the insurance <i>policy</i> . Also referred to as the coverage provider, insurance carriers include private carriers, state funds, and self-insured groups.  |
| Insured  | The policyholder. In <i>workers compensation insurance</i> , the insured is the person or organization (employer) that is protected (covered) by the insurance <i>policy</i> and is entitled to recover benefits under its terms. The insured is designated in Item 1 of the policy Information Page.  |
| Insurer  | The <i>insurance carrier</i> or other organization, such as a syndicate, pool, or association, providing insurance coverage and services.  |
| Line   | A single charge for a medical service or services listed on a <i>bill</i> . Also referred to as line item detail.  |
| Medical Data<br>Provider                             | Any unique data reporting entity that is certified to send Medical Call data to the DCRB.<br>This includes, but may not be limited to, <i>insurance carriers</i> , <i>Third Party Administrators</i><br>( <i>TPAs</i> ), bill review vendors, and pharmacy vendors. See also <i>Reporting Group</i> .  |

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| Medical/Service<br>Provider              | See Service Provider.   |
|--|---|
| Patient                                  | The person receiving medical services. For a workers compensation <i>claim</i> , the patient is also the <i>claimant</i> .  |
| Payer                                    | The entity that ultimately pays for medical services.   |
| Policy                                   | The formal written contract of insurance between the employer (insured) and the <i>insurance carrier</i> (insurer).   |
| PPO                                      | See Preferred Provider Organization.  |
| Preferred Provider<br>Organization (PPO) | A network of medical care providers contracted by the <i>insurer</i> to provide various medical care services to covered employees for specified fees. The covered employees have the option to go to the network of medical care providers or to go outside of the network for medical care services for reasonable and customary fees after a set <i>deductible</i> is met. See also <i>Health Maintenance Organization</i> . |
| Provider                                 | See Service Provider.   |
| Quarterly<br>Submission                  | The data <i>file</i> , or files that represent the <i>reporting groups</i> ' aggregate submission for a given three-month (quarter) period.   |
| Record                                   | A collection of related data elements that are treated as one unit.   |
| Record Layout                            | Defines the parameters for each data <i>field</i> contained in the <i>record</i> that is submitted electronically, including the data field's starting and ending positions on the record and the field's specific type/class (i.e., alpha, numeric, or alpha/numeric). The consistent parameters allow for efficient processing, so the data contained within can be sorted, formatted, and customized.                        |
| Reporting Group                          | An affiliated insurance company or an assembly of affiliated insurance companies ( <i>Affiliate Group</i> ) and their designated <i>medical data providers</i> that report Medical Call data to the DCRB.   |
| Service Provider                         | <i>Service provider</i> , or medical service provider, refers to the individual or group that furnishes a <i>patient</i> with various medical services (e.g., physician, clinic, hospital, pharmacy). Refer to Data Dictionary—Provider Taxonomy Code for the source link to the accepted Provider Taxonomy Code list.  |
| Special Characters                       | Refers to the additional characters other than letters A–Z and numbers 0–9.   |
| Statistical Agent                        | Company associations that collect workers compensation data and prepare it according to rating regulation requirements on behalf of their members. Most state workers compensation laws permit companies to join together for this purpose.   |
| Submission                               | A <i>file</i> transmitted to the DCRB for a given <i>reporting group</i> . Also referred to as a transmission.  |
| Subsidiary                               | A corporation that is either wholly owned by another corporation or controlled by a corporation or business entity that owns a majority of its voting shares.   |

| Third Party<br>Administrator (TPA)   | An organization hired to perform one or more of the business functions of another company, which may include reporting insurance data to the <i>statistical agent</i> .   |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| ТРА                                  | See Third Party Administrator.  |
| Transaction                          | <ul> <li>Refers to either of the following:</li> <li>The <i>line</i> item of a medical <i>bill</i>. Referred to as a medical transaction in this manual. Use this definition for Transaction Date.</li> <li>The general term given to data transmitted from one computer system to another for the purpose of accessing, querying, or updating a record, file, or database. Use this definition for Transaction Code.</li> </ul>  |
| Transmission                         | See Submission.   |
| UB-04 Form                           | The basic form that Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services prescribes for the Medicare program. It is only accepted from institutional providers that are excluded from the mandatory electronic claims submission requirements set forth in the Administrative Simplification Compliance Act (ASCA), Public Law 107105, and the implementing regulation at 42 CFR 424.32.  |
| Unit Statistical Data                | The statistical documentation that <i>insurance carriers</i> submit to the DCRB for the purpose of reporting workers compensation insurance data. It includes premium and losses by state at a classification code level.   |
| Utilization                          | The frequency that a particular medical procedure is performed.   |
| Workers<br>Compensation<br>Insurance | Statutory coverage for employers subject to the workers compensation law of a state. It provides benefits to employees who are injured during the course of their employment. The <i>Delaware Workers Compensation Manual of Rules, Classifications and Rating Values for Workers Compensation and for Employers Liability Insurance</i> contains rules, classifications with descriptions, rates/loss costs for each classification, and state-specific exceptions for writing workers compensation insurance. |

# **SECTION VIII – APPENDIX**

# A. Overview

The following examples are included in the Appendix:

- Business Exclusion Request Form Example --
- Premium Verification Worksheets and Instructions For use with Premium Determination Methods 1 3
- ..
- Compensation Data Exchange (CDX) Information
- CDX Insurer User Management Group (UMG) Primary Administrator Application
- NCCI Medical Data Call Place of Service Crosswalk

# B. Business Exclusion Request Form Example

Participants in the Call are required to submit their basis for exclusion to the DCRB for review. All requests for review must include the output used to demonstrate that the excluded segment(s) will be less than 15% of gross premium. For details on the methods for premium determination **and examples**, refer to Business Exclusion Option in the **General Rules** section of this manual.

| Date Prepared:                 |
|--------------------------------|
| Carrier Group Name:            |
| Carrier Group Number:          |
| Preparer's Contact Information |
| Name:                          |
| Address:                       |
| Phone:                         |
| Email:                         |

Exclusions – Complete the following steps:

1. Document the nature and reason for all proposed exclusions. If more space is needed, please attach a separate page with the explanation(s) to this form.

Note: The exclusion option must be based on business segment, not on claim type or characteristics.

The 15% exclusion does not apply to selection by:

- Medical services provided (pharmacy, hospital fees, negotiated fees, etc.)
- Claim characteristics such as claim status (e.g., open, closed) or deductible programs (e.g., large deductibles)
- Claim types such as specific injury types (medical only, death, permanent total disability, catastrophic, etc.)
- 2. Document the carriers (by carrier code) and states that are handled by each excluded business segment.
- For each applicable carrier, provide an estimate of the percentage of paid losses handled by each excluded business segment.
- 4. If using Premium Determination Methods 1, 2 or 3, complete the corresponding Premium Verification Worksheet.

**Note:** If the methods described are not appropriate for determining the exclusion percentage, contact the DCRB for guidance. The methods are not appropriate if they would not closely approximate prospective premium distribution in the current calendar year (e.g., a significant shift has occurred in a participant's book(s) of business since the last NAIC reporting **or** the participant writes a significant number of large deductible policies).

5. Completed requests should be sent to the Delaware Compensation Rating Bureau, Inc., United Plaza

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Building, Suite 1500, 30 S. 17<sup>th</sup> Street, Philadelphia, PA 19103 or emailed to medicaldata@dcrb.com.

# C. Premium Verification Worksheet and Instructions

#### 1. Worksheet – Method 1

Use this worksheet to determine if proposed exclusions are less than or equal to 15% of the group's total written premium when using Premium Determination Method 1. Only include premium from Delaware or Federal Act.

For details on Premium Determination Method 1 and all other premium determination methods, refer to Business Exclusion Option in the **General Rules** section of this manual.

| Column A                              | Column B                                   | Column C  | Column D   |
|---------------------------------------|--|---|--|
| Entities for<br>Proposed<br>Exclusion | Entities' Calendar Year<br>Written Premium | Carrier Group<br>Calendar Year<br>Written Premium | Entities' Written<br>Premium as % of Carrier<br>Group<br>(Col. B / Col. C) |
|                                       |  |   |  |
|                                       |  |   |  |
| TOTAL                                 |  |   |  |

#### 2. Worksheet Instructions – Method 1

- 1. In Column A, list the entities excluded from Delaware.
- 2. In Column B, enter the Calendar Year Written Premium for Delaware for each excluded entity.
- 3. In Column B of the Total row, enter the sum of the premium for the excluded entities.
- 4. In Column C of the Total row, enter the Carrier Group's Calendar Year Written Premium for Delaware (as reported in the NAIC Annual Statement—Statutory Page 14).
- 5. In Column D of the Total row, divide Column B by Column C, and enter the result as a percentage. Round to one decimal. This value must be equal to or less than 15%.

#### --3. Worksheet – Method 2

Use this worksheet to determine whether proposed exclusions are less than or equal to 15% of the group's total written premium when using Premium Determination Method 2. This method is an option for affiliate groups with Large Deductible Direct Premium greater than 0.3% of their total premium (NAIC Direct Premiums.) Only include premium from Delaware or Federal Act.

For details on Premium Determination Method 2 and all other premium determination methods, refer to Business Exclusion Option in the **General Rules** section of this manual.

|      | Premium Verification Worksheet – Method 2 |                        |  |  |  |
|------|---|------------------------|--|--|--|
| Item | Description Formula Amount                |                        |  |  |  |
|      | NAIC Direct Written Premium:              |                        |  |  |  |
| А    | Total                                     |                        |  |  |  |
| В    | Large Deductible to be excluded           |                        |  |  |  |
| С    | Non-Large Deductible to be excluded       |                        |  |  |  |
|      | Estimated Gross Premium:                  |                        |  |  |  |
| D    | Net Ratio                                 | B divided by A (B / A) |  |  |  |
| E    | Gross Ratio                               | From table (Refer to   |  |  |  |

|   |                            | Business Exclusion<br>Option in the <b>General</b><br><b>Rules</b> section of this<br>manual |  |
|---|----------------------------|--|--|
| F | Non-Large Deductible Ratio | C divided by A (C / A)   |  |

Sum of E and F (E+F)

# 4. Worksheet Instructions – Method 2

| 1. Fi | ll in Items | A, B and C. |
|-------|-------------|-------------|
|-------|-------------|-------------|

- 2. Determine the Net Ratio (D).
- 3. Use the Net Ratio to determine the Gross Ratio (E) from the table. Refer to Business
- Exclusion Option in the General Rules section of this manual.
- 4. Use the formulas to complete the worksheet.
- 5. If the ratio (G) is 15% or less, the exclusion is acceptable.

# 5. Worksheet – Method 3

G Ratio

Use this worksheet to determine if proposed exclusions are less than or equal to 15% of the group's total written premium when using Premium Determination Method 3. This method is an option for affiliate groups with Large Deductible Direct Premium greater than 0.3% of their total premium (NAIC Direct Premiums.) Only include premium from Delaware or Federal Act.

For details on Premium Determination Method 3 and all other premium determination methods, refer to Business Exclusion Option in the **General Rules** section of this manual.

|      | Premium Verification Worksheet – Method 3 |                           |        |  |  |  |
|------|---|---------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| ltem | Description                               | Formula                   | Amount |  |  |  |
|      | NAIC Direct Written Premium:              |                           |        |  |  |  |
| А    | Total including Large Deductible          |                           |        |  |  |  |
| В    | Large Deductible                          |                           |        |  |  |  |
| С    | Large Deductible to be excluded           |                           |        |  |  |  |
| D    | Non-Large Deductible to be excluded       |                           |        |  |  |  |
|      | Estimated Gross Premium:                  |                           |        |  |  |  |
| E    | Large Deductible to be excluded           | 5 times C (5 x C)         |        |  |  |  |
| F    | Total Excluded                            | Sum of D and E<br>(D + E) |        |  |  |  |
| G    | Add-on for Large Deductible business      | 4 times B (4 x B)         |        |  |  |  |
| Н    | Estimated Total                           | Sum of A and G<br>(A + G) |        |  |  |  |
| I    | Ratio                                     | F divided by H<br>(F / H) |        |  |  |  |

# 6. Worksheet Instructions – Method 3

- . Fill in Items A, B, C. D.
  - Use the formulas to complete the worksheet.
- 3. If the ratio (I) is 15% or less, the exclusion is acceptable.

---

# E. Compensation Data Exchange (CDX) Information

CDX is a service of Compensation Data Exchange, LLC which is owned by the following data collection organization members of the American Cooperative Council on Compensation Technology (ACCCT):

- Workers' Compensation Insurance Rating Bureau of California
- Delaware Compensation Rating Bureau, Inc.
- Insurance Services Office, Inc.
- Workers' Compensation Rating and Inspection Bureau of Massachusetts
- Compensation Advisory Organization of Michigan
- Minnesota Workers' Compensation Insurers Association, Inc.
- New York Compensation Insurance Rating Board
- North Carolina Rate Bureau
- Pennsylvania Compensation Rating Bureau
- Wisconsin Compensation Rating Bureau

CDX Insurer User Management Group (UMG) Primary Administrator Application (see subsequent page)

The *Insurer User Management Group (UMG) Primary Administrator Application* form is a digital (online) form. The following page contains a screen shot of the form, which is available on the CDX website. Please visit www.accct.org to complete this application.



# Insurer UMG Primary Administrator Application

Use this form to apply to become an Insurer UMG Primary Administrator. Once you have completed the form, press the "Submit" button to apply. You will receive a link to a printable version of the form, along with further instructions.

#### Click here to return to the ACCCT home page.

| Request New UMG/Carrie      | er Group.                        |                    | Desired User ID:           |                   | 0 |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|---|
| Request New UMG Prima       | ary Admin User for Existing UMG. |                    |                            |                   |   |
| ) Update Contact Info for E | ixisting UMG Primary Admin User. |                    |                            |                   |   |
| pplicant Information        |                                  |                    |                            |                   |   |
| arrier Group Name:          |                                  | 0                  | Carrier Group Number       |                   |   |
|                             |                                  |                    | (not NAIC Number):         |                   | 0 |
| irst Name:                  |                                  | 0                  | Last Name:                 |                   | • |
| ddress:                     |                                  |                    | Address 2:                 |                   |   |
| ity:                        |                                  |                    | State                      | AK ♥ 0            |   |
| IP:                         | 0                                |                    |                            |                   |   |
| hone Number:                |                                  | 0                  | Ext.:                      |                   | e |
| mail Address:               |                                  | 0                  | Fax Number:                |                   |   |
| uthorizing Officer —        |                                  |                    |                            |                   |   |
| irst Name:                  |                                  | 0                  | Last Name:                 |                   | 0 |
| itle:                       |                                  |                    | Email Address:             |                   | e |
|                             |                                  |                    |                            |                   |   |
| greement                    | By submitting this form, y       | you agree to abide | by all Terms and Condition | s (PDF download). |   |
|                             | -,,,                             | <b>,</b>           |                            |                   |   |
| ubmit Form                  |                                  |                    | L. 14                      |                   |   |
|                             |                                  | Su                 | bmit                       |                   |   |

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#### NCCI Medical Data Call Place of Service Crosswalk

The Place of Service Crosswalk was developed to provide a mapping of the Type of Bill code on Form CMS-1450 to the Place of Service code, for reporting the Place of Service code on the Medical Data Call. This Place of Service Crosswalk is intended for reporting facility and hospital services that are using Form CMS-1450, because that form **does not** contain a Place of Service code field. Therefore, the Type of Bill code (positions 1 and 2 without leading 0) can be mapped to the Place of Service code as displayed in the following chart.

The Type of Bill code is a three-digit code with each digit defining a different aspect of the medical bill— Type of Facility, Bill Classification, and Frequency of the Bill. This three-digit code is located in field 4 of the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) approved UB-04 Claim Form CMS-1450.

While the Type of Bill is a three-digit code, some providers report it as a four-digit code, with the first digit being a leading zero. Take that into consideration for accurate mapping to the Place of Service code.

| Place of Service Crosswalk |   |  |                      |   |
|----------------------------|---|--|----------------------|---|
| Type<br>of<br>Bill         | Type of Bill<br>Position 1<br>(Type of Facility)    | Type of Bill<br>Position 2<br>(Bill Classification)                          | Place of<br>Service* | Place of Service Description                    |
| 11X                        | Hospital  | Inpatient  | 21                   | Inpatient Hospital                              |
| 12X                        | Hospital  | Inpatient  | 21                   | Inpatient Hospital                              |
| 13X                        | Hospital  | Outpatient   | 22                   | Outpatient Hospital                             |
| 14X                        | Hospital  | Other  | 22                   | Outpatient Hospital                             |
| 18X                        | Hospital  | Swing Bed  | 21                   | Inpatient Hospital                              |
| 21X                        | Skilled Nursing                                     | Inpatient  | 31                   | Skilled Nursing Facility                        |
| 22X                        | Skilled Nursing                                     | Inpatient  | 31                   | Skilled Nursing Facility                        |
| 23X                        | Skilled Nursing                                     | Outpatient   | 32                   | Nursing Facility                                |
| 28X                        | Skilled Nursing                                     | Swing Bed  | 32                   | Nursing Facility                                |
| 32X                        | Home Health   | Inpatient  | 12                   | Home  |
| 33X                        | Home Health   | Outpatient   | 12                   | Home  |
| 34X                        | Home Health   | Other  | 12                   | Home  |
| 41X                        | Religious Nonmedical                                | Inpatient  | 21                   | Inpatient Hospital                              |
| 42X                        | Religious Nonmedical                                | Inpatient  | 21                   | Inpatient Hospital                              |
| 43X                        | Religious Nonmedical                                | Outpatient   | 22                   | Outpatient Hospital                             |
| 65X                        | Intermediate Care                                   | Intermediate Care—Level I  | 54                   | Intermediate Care<br>Facility/Mentally Retarded |
| 66X                        | Intermediate Care                                   | Intermediate Care—Level II   | 54                   | Intermediate Care<br>Facility/Mentally Retarded |
| 71X                        | Clinic or Hospital Based<br>Renal Dialysis Facility | Rural Health Clinic (RHC)  | 72                   | Rural Health Clinic                             |
| 72X                        | Clinic or Hospital Based<br>Renal Dialysis Facility | Hospital Based or<br>Independent Renal Dialysis<br>Facility                  | 65                   | End-Stage Renal Disease<br>Treatment Facility   |
| 73X                        | Clinic or Hospital Based<br>Renal Dialysis Facility | Free Standing Provider-<br>Based Federally Qualified<br>Health Center (FQHC) | 49                   | Independent Clinic                              |

Refer to the Key that is located after the Place of Service Crosswalk chart.

NCCI Place of Service Crosswalk - Revised November 6, 2009

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# NCCI Medical Data Call Place of Service Crosswalk

| Place of Service Crosswalk |   |   |                      |   |  |
|----------------------------|---|---|----------------------|---|--|
| Type<br>of<br>Bill         | Type of Bill<br>Position 1<br>(Type of Facility)    | Type of Bill<br>Position 2<br>(Bill Classification)               | Place of<br>Service* | Place of Service Description                        |  |
| 74X                        | Clinic or Hospital Based<br>Renal Dialysis Facility | Outpatient Rehabilitation<br>Facility (ORF)                       | 49                   | Independent Clinic                                  |  |
| 75X                        | Clinic or Hospital Based<br>Renal Dialysis Facility | Comprehensive Outpatient<br>Rehabilitation Facility<br>(CORF)     | 62                   | Comprehensive Outpatient<br>Rehabilitation Facility |  |
| 76X                        | Clinic or Hospital Based<br>Renal Dialysis Facility | Community Mental Health<br>Center (CMHC)                          | 53                   | Community Mental Health<br>Center                   |  |
| 79X                        | Clinic or Hospital Based<br>Renal Dialysis Facility | OTHER   | 49                   | Independent Clinic                                  |  |
| 81X                        | Special facility or hospital<br>ASC surgery         | Hospice (Nonhospital<br>Based)                                    | 34                   | Hospice   |  |
| 82X                        | Special facility or hospital<br>ASC surgery         | Hospice (Hospital Based)  | 34                   | Hospice   |  |
| 83X                        | Special facility or hospital<br>ASC surgery         | Ambulatory Surgical Center<br>Services to Hospital<br>Outpatients | 24                   | Ambulatory Surgical Center                          |  |
| 84X                        | Special facility or hospital<br>ASC surgery         | Free Standing Birthing<br>Center                                  | 25                   | Birthing Center                                     |  |
| 85X                        | Special facility or hospital<br>ASC surgery         | Critical Access Hospital  | 22                   | Outpatient Hospital                                 |  |

\* Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (www.cms.hhs.gov)

| Chart Key                                       |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | Place of Service Crosswalk  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of Bill                                    | Located on the National Uniform Billing Committee (NUBC) approved UB-04<br>Claim Form, also known as CMS-1450, in field 4.  |  |  |  |  |
| Type of Bill Code (1st                          | Identifies the <b>Type of Facility</b> that provided the medical services. The following are two examples:  |  |  |  |  |
| position)                                       | Type of Bill 11X, the 1 in position 1 represents services provided at a Hospital Type of Bill 21X, the 2 in position 1 represents services provided at a Skilled Nursing facility                                       |  |  |  |  |
| Type of Bill Code (2 <sup>nd</sup><br>position) | Identifies the <b>Bill Classification</b> . Two examples are as follows:<br>Type of Bill 11X, the 1 in position 2 represents Inpatient Services<br>Type of Bill 13X, the 3 in position 2 represents Outpatient Services |  |  |  |  |
| Type of Bill Code (3 <sup>rd</sup><br>position) | Identifies the Frequency of the Bill. This position is <b>not</b> needed for the crosswalk mapping.   |  |  |  |  |
| Place of Service Code                           | The two-digit code that identifies where the medical service was performed. The Place of Service code is reported in field 27 on the NCCI Medical Data Call.  |  |  |  |  |
| Place of Service<br>Description                 | Provides a description of where the medical service was performed.  |  |  |  |  |